VOL. 13.

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY, JUNE 6. 1865.

NO. 462

THE	SEMI-WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH
Will be	published every Tuesday and Fri-
	day, by
Α.	G. HODGES & CO.

At FOUR DOLLARS PER ANNUM, payable in advance.

Our terms for advertising in the Semi-Weekly Commonwealth, will be as liberal as in any of the newspapers published in the west.

STATEMENT

OF THE

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

On the 1st day of January, 1865, made to the Auditor of the State of Kentucky, in compliance with an act, entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved 3d March, 1856.

First. The name of this Company is the "ST. LOUIS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY," and is located in the city of St. Louis, sounty of St. Louis, State of Missouri.

Second. The amount of capital stock 70,000 00

ADDEID.		
Third, Loans secured by deed of trust, first lien of record, on real estate in the city and county of St. Louis, per schedule	189,045	
-		
	200,145	15
Leans on policies in force, bearing six per cent. interest	174,820	
rity, due within sixty days	9,425	69
Stock bonds subject to call at sixty days notice, approved personal se-	18,900	00
Premiums due on Policies in hands of Agents and others awaiting re-	10,500	00
turns	17,855	49
Amounts due from Agents not in-	1,604	45
Cash on deposite in Banks and in	5,998	46
Office furniture, iron safe, &c., (home	1,814	05
offices and agencies	411	
Revenue stamps	15	
Company except future premiums	1 1 1	100

of the golden out space out to Thurstin air	13 13 15
LIABILITIES.	
Dividends to be redeemed this year, or added to policies	4,425
Unmatured interest on bonds and notes due the Company to reduce	59,012
Claims on two policies resisted by the Company, because of violation and forfeiture \$7,000.	40,412
No other claims or liabilities, except the liability on policies in force, insuring in the aggregate \$3,357,-900 00.	

Company, except future premiums receivable

STATE OF MISSOURI,
CITY AND COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.
Samuel Willi, President, and William T. Selby,
cerotary of the St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance STATE OF MISSOURI, Company, being severally sworn, depose and say, and each for himself says, that the foregoing is a full, true, and correct statement of the affairs of the said Company—that the said Insurance Company is the bona fide owner of at least ONE HUN-DRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS of actual Cash Capital invested as before stated, of which the principal portion of that invested in real estate security, is upon unincumbered property in the city and county of St. Louis, worth deuble the amount of said principal loans, and that the above described investments, nor any part thereof, are made for the benefit of any individual exercising authority in the management of the said Company, nor for any other person or persons whatever; and that they are the above described officers of said St. Louis Mutual Life

InsuranceCompany.
(Signed) SAMUEL WILLI, President.
(Signed) WM. T. SELEY, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me the undersigned Recorder of Deeds for St. Louis county .--- In ed Recorder of Deeds for St. Louis county.——In testimony whereof I have bereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal this sixth day of March, Eighteen Hundred and Sixty-Five.

(Signed) A. C. BERNONDY, Recorder.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE,
FRANKFORT, May 21, 1865. }

THIS IS TO CERTIFY, That ALBERT G.
HODES, as Agent of the St. Louis Mutal Life
Insurance Company of St. Louis, Mo., at Frankfort, Franklin county, has filed in this office the
statements and exhibits required by the provisions of an act, entitled "An act to regulate
Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved March 3, 1856; and it having been shown
to the satisfaction of the undersigned that said
Company is possessed of an actual capital of at AUDITOR'S OFFICE, Company is possessed of an actual capital of at least one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, as required by said act, the said Albert G. Hodges, as Agent as aforesaid, is hereby licensed and permitted to take risks and transact business of insurance at his office in Frankfort, for the term of one year from the date hereof. But this license may be revoked if it shall be made to appear to the date hereof. one year from the date hereof. But this fields may be revoked if it shall be made to appear to the undersigned that since the filing of the statements above referred to, the available capital of ments above referred to, the available capital of the files have reduced below one hunder. said Company has been reduced below one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

In testimony whereof, I have set my hand the day and year above written.

W. T. SAMUELS Auditor.

Risks taken and Policies issued prompt-Frankfort Ky., April 25, 1865—sw-329.

Louisville and Frankfort and Lexington and Frankfort Railroads.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,

LOUISVILLE, KY., Aug. 1st, 1864. CIRCULAR.

BY the provisions of the Excise Law, passed June 30, 1864, every person giving a re-June 30, 1864, every person giving a receipt for the delivery of property, is required to stamp the receipt with a two-cent Revenue Stamp. Postage stamps will not answer.

In order to comply with the terms of this law, Agents will require Consignees, before the delivery of goods, to send a written order, stamped, for its delivery to another person.

SAM'L. GILL, Superintendent.

The above order must be complied with or goods will be retained in the Depot at Frankfort.

T. C. KYTE, Agent.

121 Scott & Wurts y Bryan & August 19, 1864.

DOCKET

OF THE

SUMMER TERM, 1865.

8	
1	Second Day-June 6th.
	31 Ballard et al. v Todd Madison.
1	32 Higginbotham v Montgom-
	ery et al
	33 Taylor v Farley
	35 Schurman v Same
	36 Gossom v McFerran

Third Day-June 7th.

Fourth Day-June 8th 43 Crawford's adm'r v Ewing's Boyle.

Fifth Day-June 9th.

Sixth Day-June 10th. 57 Cummings v Griggs & Hays. Metcalfe.

Seventh Day-June 12th. 64 Hend. & Nash. R. R. Co. v

Eighth Day-June 13th.

Ninth Day-June 14th. 78 Stevens v Winston Fulton. 81 Moore v Norton & Bro 82 Hays et al v Hughes et al.. Union. 83 Eaker, Bowman & Cov Hunt

841/2 Mitchell v Barnett, et al. Madison. Tenth Day-June 15th. 85 Pea v Minter......Graves. 86 Ross v Wolfe & Bro.....

Eleventh Day-June 16th.

 94 Bates v Hughes
 Letcher

 95 Rice v Rice
 Harlan

 96 Bowman v Sewell
 Breathit
 97 Roark et al v Black et al

Twelfth Day-June 17th. 98 Trumbo v Snedegar Bath. 99 Dooley v Howard....... Montgomery 100 Hagins v Calmese.....

Thirteenth Day-June 19th.

Fourteenth Day-June 20th. ker & Co. et al............Fleming.

111 Magowan's ex'r v Same..... 114 Pearce & Son v Dulin ... 115 Strode et al v Magowan's heirs ...

116 Given v Smith, Wilson & Co " Fifteenth Day-June 21st. 117 Temple, Barker & Co. v
Poynts, et al. Fleming.
118 Same v Smith..... 119 Same v Pierce, Tolle et al. 120 Ingram v Plummer......Rowan.
121 Lee's ex'rs v Graham et al.Mason. 122 Latham et al v Latham et 123 Durretty Murphreysville T.

Sixteenth Day-June 22d. 125 Brinegar v Allen Nicholas.

128 Johnson et al. v Holladay.. 129 Chappel, Bruce & McIntyre

- Indiana de la Carta	
sentan eigaoo eigaoo eigaoo	Grubb
LS.	133 Fearis v Fearis Lewis. 134 Boyd v Case
	139 Laval v Strauss
	140 Wolford v Culver et al Lou. Ch'v.

141 Rubb v Kidd's adm'r and

Nineteenth Day-June 26th. 153 Same v Cope & Co.....

Twentieth Day-June 27th. 154 Bullitt v Daily...... Lou. Ch'y. 155 Riley et al v Shields et al.... (1 156 Sherley, Bell & Co. v Barrett

159 Alexander v Stilwell et al.... 160 Shrader v Philips..... Twenty-first Day-June 28th. 161 Huffman's ex'r v Thomas...Lou. Ch'y. 162 Zanone v Spradling.......Jefferson. 164 Martin v Robb..... Twenty-second Day-June 29th.

 168 Beazley v Maret et al.
 Garrard.

 169 Teeter v Burton
 "

 170 Sebastain v Johnson
 "

 171 Glenn et al v Snook et al.
 Shelby

 Twenty-third Day-June 30th.

Twenty-fourth Day-July 1st.

Twenty-fifth Day-July 3d.

193 Graham v Riley. Twenty-sixth Day-July 4th. 194 Covington City v Cov. Gas Light Company......Kenton.

Twenty-seventh Day-July 5th.

206 McArthur v Bryan..... 207 Perry et al v Seitts.....

Twenty-eighth Day-July 6th. 2071/2 McManamav Grimleys ad'rs. Boone.

Twenty-ninth Day-July 7th. 215 Watsen v McDonald Pendleton adm'rs et al.

Thirtieth Day-July 8th 221 Shean et al v Ditto's adm'r 227 Reeves v Dye Thirty-first Day-July 10th.

228 Wilson v Howl & Essex.....Larue.

Thirty-second Day-July 11th. 236 Maupin v Northern Bank of

242 Bybee v Waters..... Thirty-third Day-July 12th. 243 Smith v Gorin et al..........Barren. 244 Simms v Pearce's adm'r...... Hart. 245 Gardner et ux v Craddock et al..... 66 246 Richardson v Barnett et al.. 66

Thirty-fourth Day-July 13th.

Thirty-fifth Day-July 14th. 257 Locke et al v Miller Daviess. 260 Same v Same, No. 2..... Thirty-sixth Day-July 15th

Thirty-seventh Day-July 17th.

270 Cantrell v Sinclair.....Scott.

Thirty-eighth Day-July 18th. 277 Webb & Co. v Spilman..... Trimble.
279 Martin, Roberts & Co. et al
v Sawen's adm'r........ Woodford.
280 Haselwood v Haselwood...Grant. 281 Carter v Kinslaer's ex'r... 282 Thomas' adm'r v O'Hara's

The following causes docketed from the 39th to the 78th day of the term, have been submitted to the court, are under advisement, and may be decided any day during the term.

Thirty-ninth Day-July 19th.

Fortieth Day-July 20th.

Forty-first Day-July 21st. 289 Nelson v Peddicord.........Clarks.
Submitted February 1, 1865.
290 Foster et al v Grigsby et al
Submitted February 2, 1864.

Forty-second Day-July 22d

Forty-third Day-July 24th 293 Mitchell et al v Shrader..... Daviess. Submitted February 17, 1865. 294 Wickliffe v Breckinridge's

Forty-fourth Day-July 25th. 295 Catherines et al (of color) v Breokinridge's ex'r.......Fayette. Submitted February 12, 1862. 296 Plummer v Newdgate Fleming . Submitted December 22, 1864.

Forty-fifth Day-July 26th. al..... Submitted June 30, 1864.

Forty-sixth Day-July 27th. 299 Walker's adm'r v Proctor et 300 Brown v Early at al..... Submitted June 14, 1864.

Forty-seventh Day-July 28th.

Forty-eighth Day -July 29th. 303 Smith v Marksberry......Grant. Submitted July 23, 1863. 304 Wilhoit v Musselman Submitted December 13, 1863.

Forty-ninth Day-July 31st. 05 Blanchett v Musselman Grant.

Submitted December 18, 1863. 306 Beall v Beall's adm'r..........Galiatin. Submitted January 5, 1865. Fiftieth Day-August 1st. 307 Bennett v Cleary Greenup. Submitted March 22, 1865.

Fifty-first Day-August 2d. 309 Little v Daugherty et ux...Greenup. Submitted December 24, 1864. 310 Collins v Warring...... Submitted January 15, 1863.

Fifty-second Day-August 3d.

Fifty-third Day—August 4th. 313 Hawes' heirs v American
Cannel Coal Company....Hancock.
Submitted December 15, 1864.
314 Cin., H. and D. Railroad Co. v Spratt......Jefferson. Submitted February 14, 1864.

Fifty-fourth Day-August 5th. 315 Warren v Baker & Co......Jefferson. Submitted February 2, 1865. 316 Matheny v Wolfe...... Submitted January 14, 1864.

Fifty-fifth Day-August 7th. 317 McCallister, D. M. v Mc-Callister, A. D. Leu. Ch'y. Submitted February 4, 1865. 318 McCallister, A. D. v McCal-lister, D. M. Submitted February 4, 1865.

Fifty-sixth Day-August 8th 319 Crawford v Jacob et alLou. Ch'y. Submitted January 6, 1865. 320 Fearenback v Straus et al... Submitted January 6, 1865.

Fifty-seventh Day-August 9th. 321 Dunlap by gd'n v Shreeve's
ex'rs......Lou. Ch'y.
Submitted January 6, 1865.
322 Peter v Pfeiffer et al......
Submitted February 2, 1865.

Fifty-eighth Day-August 10th. 323 Van Dyke's ex'rs v Delph.Lou. Ch'y. Submitted February 7, 1865. 324 Jones v McCawley et al. ... Submitted March 22, 1865.

Fifty-ninth Day-August 11th. 325 Griswold v Hancock, Lou. Ch'y.
Submitted March 24, 1865.
326 Griswold v Hepburn et al...
Submitted March 24, 1865.

Sixtieth Day-August 12th. 327 Rowan's creditors v Rowan's heirs.....Lou. Ch'y. Submitted December 20, 1861. 328 Taylor v Gray...... Submitted June 21, 1862.

Sixty-first Day-August 14th. 329 Lou. & Nash. R. R. Co. v
Collins,.....Lou. Ch'y.
Submitted January 28, 1864.
330 Kleete et al v Arnold.....Kenton.
Submitted January 6, 1865.

Sixty-second Day-August 15th.

Sixty-third Day-August 16th. 333 Stone v Lasley et al.......Larue.
Submitted February 2, 1865.
334 Walker v Hisle et al.......Madison.
Submitted December 8, 1864.

Sixty-fourth Day-August 17th 335 Hunter and wife v Hill et al Madison.
Submitted January 11, 1865.

336 Hawkins v Chenault Submitted December 10, 1863. Sixty-fifth Day-August 18th.

Sixty-sixth Day-August 19th. 339 Palmer's ex'rs v Clark.....Marion.
Submitted December 21, 1864.
340 Abell v Edelen et al........
Submitted December 21, 1864.

Sixty-seventh Day-August 21st. 341 Weatherford v Myers......Muhlenburg. Submitted September 21, 1864.

Sixty-eighth Day-August 22d. 342 Durbin v Smith's heirs..... McCracken. Submitted January 12, 1864.

Sixty-ninth Day-August 23d.

Seventieth Day-August 24th.

Seventy-first Day-August 25th. 345 Crawford v Crawford.......Mercer. Submitted December 5, 1864. Seventy-second Day-August 26th.

346 Clay v Myers......Nicholas. Submitted February 10, 1865. Seventy-third Day-August 28th. 347 Colvin v Colvin et al....... Pendleton. Submitted January 4, 1865.

Seventy-fourth Day-August 29th. 348 Norman v Van Dyke......Shelby. Submitted January 5, 1865.

Seventy-fifth Day-August 30th. 349. Cantrill v Glover & Co,...Scott. Submitted January 25, 1864. Seventy-sixth Day-August 31st. 350 Davis et ux v Scott......Scott. Submitted January 26, 1864.

Seventy-seventh Day-September 1st. 351 Dawson v McCreary.......Simpson. Submitted December 22, 1863.

Seventy-eighth Day-September 2d. 352 Robertson v Blackwell Union.

3533/2 Gray et al v Worthing-3533/2 Bryant's ex'rly Worthing-Lewis. The following causes have been decided, but are now suspended by petitions for re-hearing,

354 Todhunter et ux v J. S.
Todhunter's adm'r. Fayette,
355 North v Jouett. Lou. Ch'y.
356 Howard v Miller. 357 Alexander's ex'rs v Lisle's

v Bondurant

J. M. GRAY, DENTAL SURGEON,

Office on Main between St. Clair and Lewis Streets.

Residence on Washington Street, next House to

Episcopal Church, FRANKFORT, KY.

A LL operations for the Extraction, Insertion, Regulation, and Preservation of the Teeth Regulation, and Preservation of the Teeth performed in a scientific and satisfactory manner. He would ask the particular attention of those wanting artificial Teeth to the different styles which are now being made, and which are giving perfect satisfaction. He keeps at all times, a large assortment from which to select, thereby enabling him to suit each patient with the price, shade and size Teeth which they may require. All operations performed in the best style, and prices as moderate as the style of work will ad-

Gold! Gold! LD GOLD of every description bought, for which the highest price is paid in Cash. Frankfort, April 11, 1865-tf.

UNITED STATES DIRECTORY.

For the District of Kentucky. Major Gen. JNO. M. PALMER, Commanding,-Headquarters, Louisville, Ky.

FIRST DIVISION. Brigadier Gen. E. H. HOBSON, Commanding,-Headquarters, in the field. SECOND DIVISION.

Brigadier Gen. HUGH EWING, Commanding,— Headquarters, Munfordville, Ky.

Executive, Military, and Judicial Di rectory of the State of Kentucky.

We publish, for the information of our rea ers, the following Directory of all the depart ments of the State Government of Kentucky: Executive Department.

GOVERNOR. Thos. E. Bramlette, Frankfort.

SECRETARY S OFFICE. E. L. Van Winkle, Sec'y of State, Frankfort. Jas. R. Page, Assistant Secretary, Frankfort. Daniel Clarke, "Ancient Governor." Frankforts

AUDITOR'S OFFICE. Wm. T. Samuels, Auditor, Frankfort. Wm. T. Samuels, Auditor, Frankfort.
J. M. Withrow, Assistant Auditor, Frankfort.
R. R. Bacon, Clerk, Frankfort.
John A. Crittenden, Clerk, Frankfort.
F. A Winlock, Clerk, Frankfort.
D. B. Waggoner, Clerk, Frankfort.
John L. Sneed, Clerk, Frankfort.
John W. Prewitt, jr., Clerk, Frankfort.
Elwood Miller, Clerk, Frankfort.
Henry B. Cammack, Clerk, Frankfort.
Henry Crittenden, Clerk, Frankfort.
Wince Coleman, Porter, Frankfort.

TREASURER'S OFFICE. James H. Garrard, Treasurer, Frankfort. Mason P. Brown, Clerk, Frankfort.

Jas. A. Dawson, Register, Frankfort. Richard Sharpe, Chief Clerk, Frankfort. Ben. Chase, Clerk, Frankfort.

SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC INSTRUCTION Rev. Daniel Stevenson, Frankfort. J. H. M. Ross, Clerk, Frankfort.

BOARD OF INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT David R. Haggard, Frankfort, Wm. T. Samuels, Frankfort, Wm. C. McNary, Muhlenburg co.

ATTORNEY GENERAL John M. Harlan, Frankfort.

Geo. D. Prentice, Frankfort. PUBLIC MINDER

H. M. McCarty, Frankfort. LIBRARIAN. Geo. A. Robertson, Frankfort.

PUBLIC PRINTER

Military Department. ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE. D. W. Lindsey, Adjutant General, Frankfort, John B. Tilford, Assistant Adjutant General, Frankfort.

Frankfort.
Charles Haydon, Clerk, Frankfort.
Wm. E. Cox, Clerk, Frankfort.
Chas. J. Clarke, Clerk, Frankfort.

INSPECTOR GENERAL'S OFFICE. D. W. Lindsey, Inspector General, Frankfort Wm. Stewart, Clerk, Frankfort. Thomas N. Lindsey Jr., Clerk, Frankfort.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE. Samuel G. Suddarth, Quartermaster Genera W. T. Poynter, Auditing Clerk, Frankfort. Thos. A. Theobald, Ordnance Clerk, at Arsenal,

Judicial Department. COURT OF APPEALS

J. F. Bullitt, Chief Justice, Louisville.
Belvard J. Peters, Judge, Mount Sterling.
Rufus K. Williams, Judge, Mayfield.
Geo. Robertson, Lexington, Ky.
Alvin Duval, Reporter, Georgetown.
Leslie Combs, Clerk, Frankfort.
R. R. Bolling, Deputy Clerk, Frankfort

JUDGES OF CIRCUIT COURTS. 1st Dist.—C. S. Marshall, Bandville. 2d Dist.—R. T. Petree, Hopkinsville. 2d Dist.—R. T. Fetree, Hopkinsvine.
3d Dist.—James Stuart, Brandenburg.
4th Dist.—A. W. Graham, Bowlinggreen.
5th Dist.—J. E. Newman, Bardstown.
6th Dist.—F. T. Fox, Danville.
7th Dist.—Peter B. Muir, Louisville.
8th Dist.—Geo. C. Drane, Frankfort.
6th Dist.—Logaph Donighan, Augusts. 9th Dist.—Joseph Doniphan, Augusta.

10th Dist.—L. W. Andrews, Flemingsburg.

11th Dist.—Richard Apperson, Jr., Mt. Stemling.

12th Dist.—Granville Pearl, London.

13th Dist.—W. C. Goodloe, Lexington.

14th Dist.—W. P. Fowler, Smithland.

15th Dist.—T. Alexander, Columbia. 15th Dist-T. T. Alexander, Columbia.

7th Dist .- Henry Pirtle, Louisville. Harry Stucky, Clerk Louisville Chancery Court,

COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEYS. 1st Dist.—P. D. Yeiser, Paducah. 2d Dist.—E. P. Campbell, Princeton 3d Dist.—John Chapeze, Hartford.
4th Dist.—W. B. Jones, Franklin.
5th Dist.—L. H. Noble, Lebanon.
6th Dist.—M. H. Owsley, Burksville. 7th Dist.—J. R. Dupuy, Louisville. 8th Dist.—John L. Scott, Frankfort. Sth Dist.—John L. Scott, Frankfort.
9th Dist.—R. B. Carpenter, Covington.
10th Dist.—Geo. M. Thomas, Clarksburg.
11th Dist.—J. S. Dury, Mt. Sterling.
12th Dist.—Hugh F. Finley, Whitley C. H
13th Dist.—W. S. Downey, Lexington.
14th Dist.—John Barrett, Henderson.
15th Dist—J. H. C. Sandidge, Burksville.

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tarial, County and Hand Seals, Etc., Ect. Censtantly on hand, Bank Note Paper, made The above office is under the supervision of GEORGE T. JONES,
S. E. Cor. of Fourth and Main Sts., Cin.
March 31, 1865—3m.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

ram, from the Finance Committee, reported yeas, 46; nays, 31. A committee of Confera bill to empower the County Courts of this ence on the Militia Bill was appointed. Senwas laid over. Mr. John J. Landrum this state : passed-yeas, 40; nays, 12. was then moved to refer the resolution and mittee of Conference of the two Houses on amendment to the Committee on Federal the Militia Bill, reported a substitute for the in order to observe the day of humiliation wind up its affairs: passed. and prayer recommended by the President, Saturday, June 3-Senate -The motion adopted. Order of the day was taken up. made on yesterday by Mr. Read with regard ingress we have reached our "last ditch." Senate, and the same was taken in the Senate with the following result:

Yeas-Messrs. Black, Botts, Bristow, Bush, Cook, Fisk, Gardner, Garrard, Grainger, Ham-mond, J. D. Landrum, McHenry, Patrick, Prall, Riffe, Robinson, Spaulding, Wait, Watson and Nays-Messrs. Anthony, Cleveland, Field, Grover, Harrison, J. J. Landram and Read-7.

And the address was ordered on the grounds that Judge B. had abandoned his office and taken up his residence in a foreign territory. Mr. Bristow offered a resolution of instruction to the Committees on Finance and Military Affairs in regard to military expenditures: adopted.

House-Mr. Webb offered a resolution that when the House adjourn this day it adjourn until Friday, in order to observe Thursday as recommended by the President and the Governor of Kentucky; adopted Mr. Powell offered the following joint reso-

Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
That the joint resolution adopted February,
24, 1865, by which this Legislature rejected the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the United States be and the same is hereby rescinded. Mr. Lowry moved to suspend the rules,

in order to allow the introduction of the Special order being the report from the Committee on Military Affairs in relation to the Militia Law; report a substitute for the Senate bill : substitute adopted and the bill fice, which was adopted

Yeas-Mr. Speaker (Harrison Taylor,) A. E. Adams, A. S. Allan, A. Allen, Bailey, Barnes, Bedford, Wm. Bell, Birchett, Bohannon, Bolin, Bramlette, Brooks, E. A. Brown, R. J Browne, Calhoon, J. W. Campbell, Cardwell, Cov ington, Curtis, Davis, DeHaven, Dulin, Eifort, Faulkner, Gabbert, Gano, Gardner, Gatewood, Gregg, Hagan, Hamilton, Harvey, Hawkins, Hawthorne, Herrod, Hurd, Hill, Ingram, Johnson, Larkins, Lauck, Layton, Linley, Lowry Luttrell, McGinnis, McGrew, Morton, Neale r, Pierson, Powell, Ross, Sayres, E. W., Stinson, T. R. Taylor, Van Seg-Varnon, Waggener, Waller, Warring, White, Whitten, Wilson and Wood--68, Navs-W. M. Allen, Baker, Chandler, Delph Fisher, Garriett, Hanks, Hanson, Hays, Miller, McLeod, Owing, Rapier, Shanklin, Spurr, Thompson, Tuttle, Ward, and Webb-19.

A resolution from the Senate fixing Monday, June 5th, as the day for the final adjournment of the Legislature, was adopted Three o'clock session. Mr. Waller, from

the Committee of Ways and Means, reported an act to relieve the sheriffs of this Commonwealth, for 1863 and 1864; passed. A large number of private bills were passed.

Friday, June 2-Senate-Mr. Landram from Committee on Military Affairs, report ed a House bill to amend an act to allow the Governor to raise forces for State defense passed. Mr. Robinson proposed a joint resolution, as follows:

Resolved, That Kentucky, cherishing a high admiration and approval of the talents and gal-lant services of Major Gen. W. T. Sherman, now hails with joy and cordial welcome his recent ap pointment to the command of the Southwest Mil itary Division, of which she is a part.

Mr. Fisk proposed that a copy of the above be sent Gen. Sherman. All of which was adopted without opposition. Mr. Cleveland proposed a joint resolution as follows:

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That in view of the distinguished services of Brigadier General Walter C. Whitaker, during the war to suppress the rebellion, we would most respectfully recommend they claimed as slaves, are resorting to him to the President of the United States for very amusing dodges. Some of them meletion to the position of Brigadier General in the Regular Army.

Resolved. That his Excellency, the Governor,

appointed on the Militia Bill. Mr. Read or a certain sum per bale. One-wealthy old Bullitt out of office be withdrawn from the his lands and hard cash when he dies, pro House, on the grounds of the unconstitutionality of the vote passing the same. Pending the discussion of this subject the Senate ad-

diciary Committee, reported a Senate bill re- negroes work hard and take great interest quiring the recording of the report of sales will is really nothing but a contract, it will of real estate: passed. Same, a Senate bill doubtless be enforced. to revise, amend and reduce into one the

bastard laws of this Commonwealth: passed. Mr. Waller, from Committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill for the benefit of the assessors of this Commonwealth: passed.IUNE 6, 1865 Special order was a report from the Commit tee on Federal Relations, being a resolution to them referred, requesting the President of the United States to rescind the order de-Wednesday, May 31-Senate-Mr. Land-claring Martial Law in Kentucky: passed-

Commonwealth to levy a tax to rebuild ate resolutions in relation to Gens. Sherman court houses, etc., where the same have been and Whitaker were adopted. An act to burnt: passed. Mr. J. D. Landrum offered amend the Revenue laws of this Commona joint resolution proposing to rescind the wealth was passed. Mr. Alf. Allen, from the resolution of January 24, 1865, rejecting the committee on Federal Relations, offered a Constitutional Amendment. The Senate re- resolution requesting the President of the fused to suspend the rule and the resolution United States to remove negro soldiers from

offered a resolution requesting the Presi- Afternoon Session-Mr. Shanklin, from dent to withdraw the proclamation of Committee on Codes of Practice, reported a martial law in Kentucky. The rules Senate bill to amend chap 6, Criminal Code an appropriation from the public Treasury unanimously adopted, viz: were suspended. Mr. Grainger propos- of Practice: passed. Same, a bill to amend ed to amend by adding, "If the Presi-sections 432 and 434, chap. 4, Civil Code of of any money in the Treasury not otherwise District, and two for the State at large, of dent shall deem the same advisable." It Practice passed. Mr. Lauck, from the Com-Relations, which motion failed. Mr. Grain- bill. Substitute dispenses with the offices site shore of said Benson Creek. ger's amendment was then rejected, and the of Inspector General, Paymaster General resolution adopted-yeas, 24; nays, 4. Mr. and Surgeon General; allows the Adjutant Grover offered a resolution that the Senate and Quartermaster Generals to continue greatly to our detriment, are isolated from when it adjourn, shall adjourn until Friday for six months on a war footing and then to

A Senate bill to repeal the militia law of to the Bullitt case, came up and the vote be the State Amended in the House. Mr. Bush ing taken was lost. Mr. Bristow, from the proposed that the old law, as found in the Committee of Conference, made a report. Revised Statutes, be adopted, which prevail. The substitute offered in the House passed. ed, and chap 66, Revised Statutes, is revis- A House bill to amend 8th sub-section of ed thereby. The trial of Judge Bullitt was sec. 2, chap. 32, Revised Statutes, was pass resumed. The vote in the House on the ed. A House bill providing compensation The Fruits of Military Investigation. Bullitt address case was announced in the for clerks under the pension law: passed. Resolutions from the House requesting the President to withdraw negro troops from spiracy to military instead of civil trial, is

Took recess till 4 o'clock. House-Mr. R. J. Browne, from the Judollars a day who hires a slave without the ernment to get an exact measure of the enconsent of the owners: passed-yeas, 41; tire plot. Not only the guilt of the par-Speaker, Harrison Taylor Esq., and the ly, so that no rational man can fail to see it but also the guilt which lay beyond their di-Clerks, Jas. B. Lyne and John M. Todd, rect participation, for which others are re charged the duties of their respective offices this military tribunal, this infernal business for the past two years, were adopted. Mr. will go into history in its veritable shape Dulin, from Committee on Revised Statutes, reported a bill to amend Sections 29 and 32, chap. 84, Revised Statutes: passed. Took recess till 4 o'clock.

Communicated.

Union Meeting in Bracken County. BROOKSVILLE, KY., May 27, 1865.

Pursuant to a call, the Unconditional Union men of Bracken county this day assembled at the Court House for the purpose of appointing delegates to the Covington Convention, to be held on the 8th day of resolution: rejected-yeas, 44; nays, 46. June, 1865. The meeting was organized by electing Dr. J. J. BRADFORD Chairman and R. J. HOGHEY Secretary.

On motion the Chair appointed the follow ing named gentlemen a committee to select passed. The trial of Judge Bullitt was delegates to attend said convention, for the streets were startled with an irruption of then proceeded with. The vote was taken purpose of nominating a candidate for Convandals, coming no one knew whence. No prosecute the war, in part, by this method of upon the address of the Committee on the gress in the 6th Congressional District, to-third specification, addressing him from of-wit: John Stroube, Abraham Baker, Vinods, its effects, had been perfectly understood Dobyns and R. J. Hughey, who retired, and quietly drawn, as on the day when the mob in due time returned the following named precipitated itself into such fearful fury. gentlemen as proper persons to attend said convention as delegates.

> delegates proposed. They are, however, the ment. Its immediate cutting of the tele prominent Unconditional Union men of the graph wires between the police stations-its county.—ED.]

By a unanimous vote the gentlemen named were elected delegates to attend said con- establishments to suspend operations and vention.

delegates free to act, in making choice of a colored population, and then its attempts to tion assembled at Govington.

Upon the recommendation of the com mittee, John Stronbe, Esq., was unanimous- that terrible work is still enveloped in mysly nominated as the Union candidate to rep- tery. The civil courts shed little or no light resent the county of Bracken in the next Legislature of Kentucky; and Mr. Stroube being present accepted the nomination, and ny of a military tribunal. in a few pointed and unmistakable remarks, announced the principles of the party and pledged himself to stand upon them.

Whereupon the meeting adjourned. J. J. BRADFORD, Chairman. R. J. HUGHEY, Secretary.

HIRING THE NEGROES .- As a general rule he planters in North Mississippi and Tenessee are making arrangements to pay wages to their hands. Where they fail to fulfill their contracts and complaints are made to the freedmen's bureau, redress is speedy and effectual. Where the planters assume to whip their employees, the freed-men's department proceeds in a very prompt manner. Complaints of this character are rare, and the tone of feeling between planthey claimed as slaves, are resorting to very amusing dodges. Some of them make bargains with the negroes, and agree to feed them well for a term of years, and then be requested to forward a copy of the foregoing to the President of the United States. fee simple. The majority contract to give Adopted. A committee of conference was the negroes a certain proportion of the crops fellow in northern Mississippi has made a moved that the resolution addressing Judge will, in which he donates to his slaves all vided they will work faithfully on the plan-tation to that time. He calls all his slaves together about once a week, and explaining the provisions of his will, reads it to them and exhorts them to work steadily. The re House-Mr. R. J. Browne, from the Ju- sult is said to be most satisfactory, as the in the welfare of the plantation. As this

[Memphis Bulletin.

[Communicated. BELL POINT, KY., May 31, 1865.

W. H. Gray : The inhabitants residing and doing busiess on that point of land lying immediately Kentucky river immediately below the Lock and dam No. 4 and the back country, are offered the followed Resolution, which was laboring under a serious grievance, which alone can be remedied by the Legislature of

without distinction as to political antecedents, proaching canvass. make this call upon you to know your views upon both the constitutionality and policy of ed the following Resolution, which was of the State, of a sum sufficient, to be paid out appropriated, to build a bridge sufficient for whom the Chairman of this meeting shall pepsia, Nervousness and Nervous Debility, man, beast and wheeled carriages to cross and be one, be appointed to inform Gen. Rousrecross from said point of land to the oppo-

The grievousness of our grievance consists n this, that we, against our consent, and the rest of mankind by the two streams aforesaid and the rugged hills in our rear, so that unless means are provided for our egress and

Our suffrages will very much depend upon he character of your answer to this communication, to which we solicit a prompt and explicit response from you.

ONE OF THE AGGRIEVED.

The wisdom of the Government in sub jecting the parties to the assassination con-Kentucky, were passed-yeas, 16; nays, 4. justified by the completeness of the export broad range of evidence, unobstructed by diciary Committee, reported a bill concern- any artificial checks, lets a flood of light ing Slaves ann Runaways. Repeals all laws across all the details and all the connecoffering rewards and fines every person five tions of the crime, and will enable the Govnays, 21. Resolutions of thanks to the ties immediately arraigned is shown glaringfor the able manner in which they have dis- sponsible. Thanks to the thorough work of and true relations

We have always regarded it as a misfor tune that the riots of 1863 in this city were not subjected to some other investigation than the little that was made in connection with the few trials before our law courts All that was proved, or could be proved, under those trials, was the participation of certain men in the open acts of violence. Ye there can hardly be a doubt that the riots were the result of a deliberate plot, devised and managed by men of talent, who did not at all appear on the scene. It is impossible to account otherwise for their exceeding suddenness, and the entire absence of premoni tory symptoms. On the very morning of the outbreak, all the morning papers agreed in reporting that the draft then in progress was accepted by the people with entire cheerfulness; and in no quarter was expressed the faintest apprehension of trouble. And yet, within four hours after those papers were in the hands of their readers, the cent Hamilton, John K. Hester, John for days previous, when the first names were [We have not room for the names of the elegates proposed. They are however the ment the immediate without some secret quantity of blankets were found marked U.S., which had thus been kept back by the elegates proposed. They are however the ment the immediate without some secret quantity of blankets were found marked U.S., which had thus been kept back by the hastening to tear up the railroads, so as to prevent the dispatch of military forces from abroad—its compelling the large working A resolution was adopted, leaving the indiscriminate murderous foray upon the candidate for Congress, when in conven- confound and paralyze by the sacking of upon it. The crime was within the military jurisdiction of the Government, and should

have been subjected to the sweeping scruti-It was only by military investigation that the real extent and enormity of the North western conspiracy to rise against the gov ernment was ever exposed. Just as Mason in his letter upon the President's assassina tion pretended that Stanton had instigated the deed to get a pretext for usurpation, so the copperhead journals pretended at firs that the Northwestern conspiracy was noth ing but a concoction of the administration designed to play upon the fears of the peo ple, and make party capital. So, too, they declared that the bands which attempted to Republicans in disguise—that the persons out "stool pigeons" of the government-that the attempt to burn our city was no rebel work at all, but an administration trick, got apon the liberties of the people. All the acts were soon brought out by the military tribunals, and now the most abandoned copperheads dare not attempt to abate their

hideousness. Cicero, in his first oration against Catawere; and their trial with a free range of testimony, would have settled the whole truth forever.

What is wanted in respect to this assasnow certain to be secured .- N. Y. Times.

Union Meeting of the Members of the!

At a meeting of the Union members of the Legislature of Kentucky, held in the Senate roled prisoners who are about town awaiting Chamber on Friday evening, June 2d, 1865 transportation, and who are very needy, below the mouth of Benson and the bend of the Col. Geo. T. Wood, was called to the chair, and A. G. Hodges, appointed Secretary.

unanimously adopted, viz:

And, inasmuch as you have consented, triot and soldier, Maj. Gen. Lovell H. Rous- hope the paroled men will convert them to pon the call of "Many Voters," to tender seau, as the candidate of the Union party your services to the people of the Old Coun- for United States Senator, to be elected by ty of Franklin, as their representative in the him, so far as may be practicable and consis the next Legislature, and that we request General Assembly, we, the legally qualified tent with his public duties, to address the be very grateful to the half starved fellows loyal voters, domicilled upon said territory people in the several counties during the ap- who are so hospitably entertained by Gener-

Col. Bristow, Senator from Christian, offer-

Resolved, That a Committee of eleven, consisting of one from each Congressional seau of his recommendation for the office of

The following gentlemen were selected as bastian Eifort.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Union papers in

sures already obtained and insured. The able interest. It appears that J. D. after his

"Blessed are the merciful, for they shall obtain mercy." But Mr. Jefferson Davis had exhibited no mercy during his reign of four years as President of the Confederate States. How many letters and newspapers have been dropped from paralyzed hands, containing the sad accounts of the deaths of husbands, fathers, sons and brothers, in the prison pens of the South? How many hearts wrung with anguish at the pitiless tortures inflicted in Southern prisons? Lingering starvation-exposure to cold-diseases the most loathsome—surgical butcheries execution for slight offenses and no offense at all—these were the agents employed by the authorities of the South, at the head of which stood Mr. Jefferson Davis, for weak ening the Union forces, and securing the independence of a nigger aristocracy. One family wept at the arrest of J. D., but one hundred thousand have wept at the cruel, inhuman, unchristian acts authorized by the same individual.

The authority of H. S. Foote, a member of the rebel Senate, is cited as proof that it was the deliberate act of the Confederates to and friends to alleviate the sufferings of our imprisoned fellow-citizens, were surreptiti ously withheld and otherwise appropriated. After the capture of Richmond, a large , which had thus been kept back by the

There was but one way presented to these barbarously treated prisoners to escape their sufferings, and that was the "dead line. pens, marched boldly to that line, and were shot—an evidence in itself of the horrors (Sundays excepted,) until all are sold. turn their employees into the streets to swell shot—an evidence in itself of the horrors the purphers, its hereild rich the city by entire the cit its numbers—its bewildering the city by an of families are in mourning this day for murders perpetrated in these wretched pris ons; and is the public sentiment to be con stores and houses, and by robberies in the streets—all were just the methods to inau-streets—all were just the methods to inau-streets. be met with the severest penalties of the law? There is not a wife in the land, nor mother, nor sister, who would not smile amic her tears at the thought that the loved had able, and sold because the Government is no fallen on the battle fields in the presence of the foe, with the flag of his country waving over him, and feel a sincere willingness to forgive the slayers of their pride and strength and hope; but these prison-per deaths—they deepen the gloom of the grave intensify thepang of bereavement and throw an impassable barrier in the way of recon

Revival of Business in the South.

The opportunities for business in the South are causing an influx of Northern men and Northern capital into Southern release the Camp Douglas prisoners were but cities. Charleston, that a few months ag was deserted by all except the grim soldier who revealed the schemes to swindle the guarding the defences, is now returning New York soldiers out of their votes were again to its former business-like character Stores are being rented, banking houses es tablished, railroads put in order and telegraph lines being established. What is true up to open the way for new encroachments of Charleston is also true of other Southern cities. Their business relations seem to be in the way of being re-established before Jeans, 4 leaf heavy Black Sheep, 60 cents per their civil or political condition is properly defined.

Legislature.

Resolved, That we recommend to the people of Kentucky the name of that true parested secure under the Union flag. We

United States Senator.

viz: George T. Wood, John A. Prall, Willie Waller, Wm. R. Kinney, John C. Bowling, Walter C. Whitaker, Wm. H. Grainger, Jas. Wilson, Elijah Gabbert, M. E. Ingram, Se-

On motion the meeting then adjourned. G. T. WOOD, Chairman, A. G. Hodges, Secretary.

Capture of Jeff, Davis.

We have by telegraph a new version o he capture of J. D. While the ludicrous parts of the first statements are not a whit mpaired, but rather improved, there is a pathetic vein in the second of no inconsidercapture, became aware, for the first time, of GENT'S FURNISHING GOOSD. the anxiety of the Government to secure his arrest, and had the opportunity to read in a newspaper a description of his person, the suspicion aroused a minst him and the high reward offered for his capture. The account states that he trembled violently and dropped the paper. A member of his family took it up, and, reading aloud, made the whole party acquainted with the advertisement. Every one present was affected to

Many, unable to endure the tortures of the cilement .- St. Louis Democrat.

New York exchanges give the list of sixty vessels now loading with goods consigned ine, charges him with a plot to burn the to Southern ports. They are advertised for bity. The French Emperor of to-day, in his New Orleans, Mobile, Charleston, Savanrecent book discredits these charges. It is a nah, Beaufort, Newbern, Morehead City. pity that some staunch Roman tribunal, like Nortolk, Richmond, Georgetown, Alexan that now sitting at Washington, did not es dria, Florida ports, Bucksville, and Conway tablish the real facts. The arch-conspirator boro and other places in South Carolina was not caught, but some of his confederates Southern merchants express their willing ness to liquidate all old outstanding debts a as early a day as possible. This is certainly quick work, and shows a resuscitation o commercial life and activity at a much ination plot, is not only the establishment earlier period than the most sanguine could of the particular guilt of individuals, but a have anticipated. But this is not all: a knowledge of the full magnitude and exact large emigration is setting its face towards character of the plot itself. Every loyal man of the right spirit rejoices that this is ly residing there, and realizing the advantage of the country—Cin Times. tages of the country .- Cin. Times.

A PLEASANT THING IF THEY ENJOY IT .-Seneral Thomas has issued an order, we earn, says the Nashville Press, that the pashall be boarded by the secession sympathizers in the city, who are to receive and feed those poor fellows until such times as the men can return to their homes. It is but just that they should succor their repentant friends, who have fought while they have the true faith, while they are well fed, during the tuition. The list of boarding names is quite extensive and provender will al Thomas.

DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUSNESS, AND DEBILITY. DR. STRICKLAND'S TO-NIC .- We can recommend those suffering with Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, or Dysto use Strickland's Tonic. It is a vegetable strengthens the whole nervous system; it per annum to their value, according to the rule the Committee under the last resolution, creates a good appetite, and is warranted to levied upon other property. The interest is paycure Dyspepsia and Nervous Debility.

> For sale by Druggists generally at \$1 per pottle. Prepared by Dr. A. Strickland, 6 The Interest at 7-30 per cent. amounts to East Fourth street, Cincinnati, O June 27, 1864-336-tw&wlv.

Jas. Wilde Jr. & Co. FINE

-AND-

30 WEST FOURTH STREET,

COUNTININATEL DELLO

Building formerly occupied by LE BOUTIL-LIER AND BRO.

May 16-3m.

FOR SALE.

RIST AND SAWMILL on Big Creek in Indiana, for Sale Cheap. No bushwhackers or robbers here. Price \$1,200.

Address MILTON STAPP, May 16 5t*.

GREAT SALE

OFFICE ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER, LEYINGTON, Ky. May 23, 1865.

maltreatment of prisoners. The plan was systematized, and carried out in all its re-ernment "Corral" in Lexington, Ky., commenc-There will be sold at public auction, at the Govvolting forms. Even the provisions, clothing ing Friday, June 2d, 1865, a large number of unserviceable animals, consisting of about

2,000 Horses and Mares!

TERMS CASH.

The animals to be removed immediately by the All the Horses and Mares will be sold before the sale of Mules is commenced.

The attention of farmers and stork dealers in called to this sale. The animals are very much superior to those usually sold at condemned sales of them being only temporarily

likely to have further use for them, and desires to enable farmers to procure good stock to raise

Maj Gen. JOHN M. PALMER, Commanding Department of Kentucky
THOMAS D. FITCH, Capt. and A. Q. M

John S. Foster, Auctioneer. May 26, 1864—4t.

MILLVILLE WOOLEN FACTORY

WOODFORD COUNTY, KY.

The undersigned wish to inform their old friends and patrons, and the public generally that they are now ready for work, having their Machinery in fine condition. They will now receive Wool to manufacture into Jeans or Linsey, or to card and spin into white, colored or Linsey, or to card and spin into white, colored or Linsey, or to card and spin into white, colored or Linsey, or to card and spin into white, colored or Linsey, or to card and spin into white, colored or Linsey, or to card and spin into white, colored or Linsey, or to card and spin into white, colored or Linsey, or to card and spin into white, colored or Linsey, or to card and spin into white, colored or Linsey, or to card and spin into white, colored or Linsey, or to card and spin into white, colored or Linsey.

PRICES OF MANUFACTURING: Jeans, 4 leaf heavy Brown, Blue, or Gray, 65

eans, 4 leaf fine Indigo colors, plain or Satir twill, \$1 00 per yard.

Jeans, 3 leaf fine Indigo colors, plain or Satin twill, from \$1 00 to 1 25 cents per yard.

Linsey, White, 50 cents per yard.

Linsey, Colored, a variety of colors, 60 cents per

yard, White, Carding, and Spinning, 35 cents per io. Yarns, Colored, a variety of colors, 45 cents per

Yarns, Gray, Indigo colors, 55 cents per fb. Yarns, Dark Indigo mixed colors, 70 cents per

We pay the highest Cash Price for Wool in pay-

ment for work, or in exchange for goods.

Address Box No 167, Frankfort, Ky.

May 26-1m. JOS. CORBUTT & SON.

United States

THIRD SERIES. \$230,000.000.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, he undersigned, the General Subscription Agent for the sale of United States Securities, offers to he public the third series of Treasury Notes, pearing seven and three-tenths per cent. interest oer annum, known as the

7-30 LOAN.

These notes are issued under date of July 15, 1865, and are payable three years from that date n currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

U. S. 5-20 SIX PER CENT.

Gold-Bearing Bonds. These Bonds are now worth a handsome premium, and are exempt, as are all the Govern-

ment Bonds, from State, County, and Municipal preparation, free from alcoholic liquors; it taxation, which adds from one to three per cent. able semi-annually by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank

One cent per day on a \$50 note. Two cents " " \$100 " Ten " " " 5500 " 20 " " \$1000 "

\$1 \$5000 ... Notes of all the denominations named will be romptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions. The Notes of this Third Series are precisely similar in form and privileges to the Seven-Thirties already sold, except that the Government reserves to itself the option of paying interest in gold coin at 6 per cent., instead of 7 3-10ths in currency. Subscribers will deduct the interest in currency up to July 15th, at the time when

they subscribe. The delivery of the notes of this third series of the Seven-thirties will commence on the 1st of June, and will be made promptly and continuously after that date.

The slight change made in the condition of this THIRD SERIES affects only the matter of interest. The payment in gold, if made, will be equivalent o the currency interest of the higher rate. The return to specie payments, in the event of

which only will the option to pay interest in Gold be availed of, would so reduce and equalize prices that purchases made with six per cent. in gold would be fully equal to those made with seven and three-tenths per cent. in currency. This is THE ONLY LOAN IN MAKKET

Now offered by the Government, and its superior advantages make it the GREAT POPULAR LOAN OF THE PEOPLE.

Less than \$230,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within two months, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as has uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and secion of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers, throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subsribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes

for which they receive orders. JAY COOKE,

SUBSCRIPTION AGENT, No. 114 South Third Street Philadelphia May 1st, 1865.

First National Bank of Lexington. Lexington City National Bank of Lexing-Clark County National Bank of Winchester

SUBSCRIPTIONS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE



ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!

Persons wanting ice, can get it any time by ealling at my house. I will commence delivering t on the 1st of May. Tickets can be had by calling at my residence.

SANFORD GOINS. April 21, 1865-tf.

PAY YOUR TAXES -AND-SAVE TEN PER CENT.

HE tax book for the present year is now in the hands of John Baltzell, City Treasurer, to whom payment may be made with a deduction of ten per cent, if made on or before the 1st

JOHN R. GRAHAM, May 23, 1865-t1J. COUGH NORE TRY



URES Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Asthma, and Consumption. It is only necessary for any one troubled with these complaints to try one bottle of

Strickland's Mellifluous Cough Balsam The above prices include Government Taxes, of there will be no extra charges.

We require 12 ounces clean tub-washed Wool per yard for heavy Jeans; 10 ounces for fine leans, 8 ounces for Linsey.

We pay the highest Cash Price for Wool in payarent for work, or in exchange for goods.

Address Pay North 187 Freeholds.

generally.
May 25, 1864 w&twly-825.

UNION TICKET!

FOR STATE TREASURER.

W. L. NEALE Of Madison County.

7TH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

FOR CONGRESS,

Gen. S. S. FRY Of Boyle County.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

WM. H. GRAY

Review of News.

Hon. Judge Catron, of the U.S. Supreme Court, died at Nashville, on Tuesday evening, May 30th. His health had been failing for some time past and his death was expected. Judge Catron was appointed to the Supreme Bench by President Jackson. He remained true to the Union during the re-

The sentence of Bowles and Milligan, the Indiana traitors, was commuted by the President to imprisonment for life. They were to have been hung on Friday last. They are now confined in the Ohio Penitentiary.

The Union party in the 9th Congressional District of Kentucky have nominated Capt. Samuel McKee for Congress. A good se-

Metcalfe, or Medkiff as sometimes called, the guerrilla, who was captured some time since with Magruder and Sue Mundy, and was sentenced to be hung, has had his sentence commuted by Gen. Palmer. He will be confined in the State Penitentiary for the

The President has abolished the passport system. It is no longer deemed essential to the public safety.

Congressman Harris, who was tried before a Military Commission for counseling paroled rebel soldiers to fight on and not take the oath of allegiance, has been found guilty and sentenced to three years, imprisonment and forfeiture of political rights. In consequence of some mitigating circumstances, the President has remitted the sentence, though he has approved the findings.

Louisville is to be the great rendezvous for Western Troops. All officers and troops absent in the West are ordered to report there. Gen. Sherman's army is already on the move for that city.

Kirby Smith surrendered his forces on We are authorized to announce the name May 25th. The surrender was conducted of Hon. W. J. Steele, of Versailles, as a by Gen. Buck ner, who has thus made the Union candidate to represent this Senatorial last, as he did the first, surrender of the war.

The Louisville Democrat on the Virginia Elections.

The disloyal spirit of the Opposition party in Kentucky is well revealed in a short article which appeared in the Louisville Democrat on Thursday last. An election for members of the Legislature has lately been held in Virginia. The telegraph tells us that the rebels and their sympathisers have succeeded in electing a number of their own party as their Representatives in the Legislature. Two instances are given in which the men elected were known rebels, one of them having served in the rebel army and both taking the oath of allegiance the day before the election. These are only two cases out of many.

Over this state of things the Democrat rejoices. "We learn with pleasure," it says: that so many friends of constitutional Government"--open and avowed rebels till force ed by the capitulation of Lee and the distruction of the rebel government to return to their allegiance-"have accepted the conditions of the Government, that they have

the State should be handed over to their telligence of his death with regret. control. In such a prospect it is glorying. Are the people of Kentucky ready for this? Those who have fought for the integrity of their native State and for the Union. who have been driven from their homes because of their being Union men, who returning from the army have not dared to go to their families because such men as the Democrat indorses were waiting about their homes to murder them-do such men will that those, who for four years have essayed the destruction of the State, shall now return to rule it? Yet for this the Democrat-the chief organ of the Opposition party in Kentucky-is now working. It rejoices that they are doing it in Virginia, and hopes to cording to the new law, will be two cents in see the same state of things in all the stead of one cent, as under the old law. At States. This is the spirit the people will the post-offices where the free delivery is not have to encounter during the present canvass. in operation, postage on drop letters is reduced to one cent for each letter or package not exceeding one-half-ounce in weight, and manhood and patriotism.

Union Meeting in Bracken County. We publish in another column the proeedings of a late meeting of the Union men in Bracken County. We are glad to earn that it was a most spirited meeting, a large attendance being present and all filled with a spirit of unflinching and unconditional loyalty. Dr. J. J. Bradford, of Augusta, meeting and made one of his able and efshows his Unionism by his works and, in

Mr. Stroube, the nominee for Represenative, is a well known and highly intelliwith the great issues now before the people. He is and has been from the beginning an uncompromising Union man. He is in favor of the immediate ratification by Kentucky of the Constitutional Amendment and thus of clearing the State of slavery forever. Mr. Stroube has our best wishes for success in his campaign. The people of the county should rally to his support, for he is one of the people, a conscientious man who would advocate no measure which he did he supports that measure which above all others will benefit the hard-working men of the State. May the good cause prosper in the good county of Bracken.

We wish to have old Virginia aiding in crushing out this Constitutional Amendment which is now being forced upon the people [Louisville Dem-

The aid here alluded is the vote in Virginia of disloyal men by which disloyalists were elected to the Legislature. The "crushng out this Constitutional Amendment" by such means meets the approval of the Democrat. But it talks of this Amendment being "forced upon the people." As no force whatever has been used in those States which have ratified the proposed Amendment, as no force is now being used here in Kentucky, the meaning of this must be that the Amendment, being adopted by the ratification of two-thirds of the States only forces itself upon the remaining third. Well, where is the authority for this? In the Constitution itself. It provides for its amendment in exactly this way. Yet the Democrat condemns this and hopes for the aid of the enemies of the Government in "crushing pute unfairness to a majority of the Legisout" an amendment proposed in a strictly Constitutional mode. At the same time this paper, the Louisville Democrat, is the organ of the Conservative Constitutional Union. Democracy in Kentucky! Verily its consistency

Judge W. J. Steele.

district, composed of the counties of Woodford. Anderson and Franklin, in the next State Senate. We make this announcement with pleasure. Judge Steele is well and favorably known throughout the district. He is a Union man of the true whose statements formed the chief basis of stamp, one who has stood firmly by the side of the Union during all this struggle for its existence. Believing the measures of the Administration to be necessary to the preservation of the Constitution and the Union, he has supported the Administration, casting his vote in the late Presidential election for the lamented Lincoln. Mr. Steele is also loyal to his State. And acting under this principle he is an advocate of the Constitutional Amendment-he is for ridding the State, in the quickest mode, of that which in the way of her prosperity.

If elected Judge Steele will well and ably epresent his constituents in the State Senate. His probity, his intelligence, his knowledge of public affairs and his true loyalty all give promise of this.

DEATH OF JUDGE CATRON. - We are pained, succeeded in electing many Democrats to says the Nashville Gazette, to chronicle the life and liberty, is a natural and perhaps the Legislature"-these Democrats being re- death of Judge Catron, Associate Justice of turned rebel soldiers and traitors. The the Supreme Court of the United States, Louisville Democrat endorses the action who died at his residence, in this city, of these men and hails them as friends and Wednesday night last, at a quarter past it against noncombatants in communities brothers. It acknowledges that its hopes eight o'clock, of disease of the heart. Judge are in the aid such men will afford in the Catron received his appointment from Ancrushing the plans of the Administration. drew Jackson, since which time he has held And what is being done in Virginia it hopes the position. His health has been failing to see done in all the States. It wishes that for several years, and his personal friends here in Kentucky the privileges of suffrage and neighbors have been prepared for the am permitted to return merely for the purand of holding office should be restored to sad occurrence. Judge Catron was well pose of attending my trial by the Legislamen who have till the last moment fought known to the country at large, and his large for the ruin of their State and country—that circle of acquaintances will receive the in- ed States or be subject to military arrest

> NEW POSTAL LAW .- Changes of import ance to correspondents have been made in postal regulations by act of Congress of last session. We note the following as among

the more important: Letters deposited for mailing, on which the postage, is not paid, will be held for of the land. But I have not yet found the postage, and sent to the Dead |Letter laws of Canada so oppressive, nor its climate Office at Washington instead of being for warded to their destination, with double postage charged thereon, as heretofore; letters partly paid will be forwarded to their destination, with the amount due charged thereon, to be collected at the office of deliv ery. The full rate (3 cents) must be paid or such letters will be regarded as wholly unpaid. Charges for advertised letters, ac balf ounce or fraction thereof.

Judge Bullitt's Letter.

The following is the letter addressed by Judge Bullett to Gov. Bramlette.

"NEAR AMHERSTBURG, C. W. "May 24, 1865.

E. Bramlette, Frankfort, Ky.:
"Sir: I received a despatch from yesterday evening, giving me a copy of Gen a member of the Executive Committee of the National Union Party, a man loyal to his State and Government from the very first of islature for two principal reasons. In the our National troubles, presided over this first place, whilst in the performance of my duties as Chief Justice of the Court of Ap peals, I was compelled to leave the State fective speeches in aid of the good cause. in order to avoid arrest and trial by a mili In Dr. Bradford the Executive Committee tary commission, for an alleged offence have a true and faithful co-worker, he (treason or conspiracy against the United States,) over which the Federal Court has jurisdiction, and the military authorities no season and out of season, he is up and doing rightful jurisdiction whatever. In other rightful jurisdiction whatever. In other words. I was driven from the State by lawless violence, against which neither you nor he Legislature could protect me. Upon this point the acts leave no room for doubt. Soldiers searched my house on the night of the gent farmer of Bracken Co. He is a gen- 27th of December last, and again on the tleman of fine sense, and fully conversant night of the 1st of January, for the purpose of arresting me; on the 8th of January, General Burbridge declared, in a public speech at Frankfort, that I ought to have een arrested and 'hung,' and that I would have been arrested if I had not escaped. eft Kentucky and came to Canada after the 27th of December, and solely in consequence of the attempt to arrest me. There is no room for doubt that I was driven from Kentucky by lawless violence, against which the State owed me protection.

"I do not deny the constitutional power of the Legislature to remove an absent offiwould advocate no measure which he did cer, by address, for any reason deemed sufnot feel was for the interest and welfare of ficient by that body; and if I had left the the people. A hard-working man himself State voluntarily to join the Confederate army, as did one or two officers who were thus removed. I should not have questioned the propriety of the proceedings against me. But for the Legislature to try me during my enforced residence in a neutral country seemed to me improper and unjust. I should have resigned soon after coming here if those proceedings had not been inaugurated. I determined to give to the General Assembly of the Commonwealth an opportunity to decide the question whether they would rebuke the violence with which the measure, his richest earthly blessings. State has so long been outraged, in the persons and property of its citizens, by refusing to entertain the charges against me, during my enforced absence; or whether they would approve that violence, by trying me each of you an affectionate farewell. vhilst I continued to be its victim, and con demning me upon the evidence of detectives n the employment and pay of those who have thus trampled upon my rights as a citizen and officer of the State. Compared with that question, the question of my guilt or innocence seemed to me of small importance. For that reason I determined not to resign. And I determined not to defend, because an appearance by council would have been an implied recognition, which was unwilling to make, of the propriety of the proceeding against me.

"In the second place I felt convinced that could not have a fair trial. I do not imlature. But, under the military despotism prevailing in Kentucky, I deemed it imposwhich could otherwise be easily produced. For instance, during the trial of Walsh and by a number of honest, reliable men; and I have, what I consider reliable information that respectable men, well acquainted with Territories.—N. Y. Times. him, regard him as unworthy of belief on oath; but that when called upon so to tes tify during the trial of Dr. Bowles and others at Indianapolis, they feared and refused to do so. Who, in Kentucky, under the pains and penalties of martial law, would venture thus to assail the great detective, Mr. Holt's pre-election report, asserting that he Northern States had more conspirators n their midst than soldiers in the field? I egret to find that this difficulty in the way of a fair trial has not yet been removed that, though the war has ended, martial law still prevails in Kentucky; and that, though you were elected to the office, Gen. Palmer is Governor of the Commonwealth This is sufficiently proved, by the fact that you have deemed it necessary to obtain Gen. Palmer's permission for me to return to

"Nor am I satisfied that, if I should re-State, in the quickest mode, of that which has become a burden and which stands now in the way of her prosperity.

State, in the quickest mode, of that which turn to Kentucky, I would be sate from military arrest. In November last, General Washburne released me in Memphis, with an assurance that I could return to Kentucky without danger of further molestation. Gen. Burbridge, when informed of my release, ordered my re-arrest. If I should eturn now, I might find Gen. Palmer's poition held by some one else, who would treat his order as contemptuously as Gen. Burbridge treated Gen. Washburne's. The evil to which I allude, the uncertainty of necessary result of the despotism that has been established over you, which makes martial law by paper proclamations far in the rear of contending armies, and enforces where the courts are open and untrammel led except by the military power of the Unit

ed States. "But what would it profit me to return even if I felt sure that Gen. Palmer's permission would be carried into full effect? and trial. The privilege of returning to Kentucky merely for the purpose of confronting such accusers as Coffin and Stidger appears to me to be of very little value. My observation and experience of martial law lead me to believe that I will not again voluntarily subject myself to its jurisdiction. I would willingly return home if I could do so as a freeman, amenable only to the laws so inhospitable nor its soul so unfruitful, nor the labor of tilling it so grievous, as to make ne willing to return as a slave by the special permission of Secretary Stanton.

"Very respectfully, Your obedient servant, "J. F. BULLITT.

BARGAINS IN JEWELRY. - Attention is directed to W. Forsyth & Co.'s advertisement in another column.

According to Boerhave, the healthiest chil-

Farewell Address of Hon. Harrison Tay-

In adjourning the House of Representatives yesterday morning, Speaker Taylor

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives: I wish I could say to you, and through you to those absent, all that my heart prompts me to utter. But I cannot trust The emotions which an occasion ike the present excite in my nature over-

whelm me-almost close my lips. Our work is done, and we are about to eparate, never perhaps, all of us, to meet gain on earth. I am admonished of this, when I cast my eye around this hall. Face that greeted me when we first assembled here, have since vanished from my sight—voices that had become familiar to my ear, are now silent-hushed forever in

We have had our humble share, gentlenen, in the great events which have transpired since we first came here—events so stupendous in their magnitude, that an age seems almost too short to afford them We may, perhaps, in some respects have fallen short of our duty—we may have been unequal to the great emergencies, so rapid and resistless in their progress. Who has been equal to them? Who has not hesitated? Indeed, in view of their mighty consequences, who has had the courage to stand up, unappalled, in their presence? But our work as a legislative body is done. It belongs to the history of the past. May t be followed by all the good you and I have so earnestly desired; may it redound to our own honor and the welfare of the

over your deliberations? I have tried to deserve your confidence; I have endeavored to do my whole duty. I may have often been mistaken, but in looking back, I am glad to say, I find nothing which my conscience pearly white, gives to the breath a fragrant odor, isapproves.

And now, without detaining you longer et me repeat the prayer, so often in your hearing sent up from this place, that the Almighty Disposer of events, in his great mercy, would take the country you love so much into his most sacred keeping; and shower upon each one of you, in unstinted

It remains for me now only to announce that, in pursuance of the resolution of both branches of the General Assembly, this house stands adjourned sine die, and to bid to the Dead Letter Office at Washington, D. C. that, in pursuance of the resolution of both branches of the General Assembly, this

OUR NATIONAL WEALTH .- The two Senators from the new State of Nevada, Messrs. Stewart and Nye, spoke at a public meeting Tuesday night concerning the mineral re sources of the young State of which they are the representatives in the United States Sen-The lecture of Senator Stewart was very able, highly instructive and deeply inincalculable resources in silver, and other of the precious metals of the vast region lying between the Sierra Nevada and the Rocky Mountains; and was fortunately able to show that these resources were not merely speculative, but that the number of mills and stamps in operation, and the quantity of silver taken out and shipped, justified his thesible to obtain the benefit of the evidence, ories and conclusions. But three things are wanted for the development of the region and the production of untold quantities of others in Cincinnati, several witnesses for the precious metals. These are, labor, capithe defense were arrested by the Judge Adtal and the Racific Railroad. Senator Stewvocate's order as soon as they left the stand. art thought that the national debt would be Again: Many of Stidger's statements con- found to be a mere bagatelle, and its payment cerning me and others are known to be false the easiest thing in the world, if but a tithe

For State Treasurer

We are requested to announce JAMES H. GARRARD a candidate for re-election as Treasurer of Kentucky at the August elec-

Louisville Anzeiger, Volksblatt, Saturday Evening American, Lexington Observer & Reporter, National Unionist, Richmond Messenger, The Lebanon Loyal Enterprise, Owensooro Monitor, Free South, Newport, Federal Unionist, Henderson Reporter, Henderson News, and Louisville Union Press; copy till lection and send bills to this office

The President on Negro Suffrage.

The President is reported to have yesterday given an opinion, to a deputation, on the question of negro suffrage, to the effect that is a matter that may be safely left in the ands of the loyal white residents of the South. It is certainly a question which, in its primary bearings, chiefly affects the loval citizens who will be brought into most direct contact with the negro population; who will in a measure be responsible for giving a profitable direction to negro labor, and who, above all, will be charged with the responsibility of placing the means of education within the reach of the vast neglected community set free by the war.

The President, of course, does not mean to indicate that the question of negro enfranchisement is not one of grave national interest, aside from its bearings on the industrial and social economy of particular sections. But, as we understand it, he takes the common-sense ground that loyal residents of the South, who have to live with the negro in his freed condition, may better be allowed to initiate measures for the further removal of negro disabilities, than specalative politicians living at a distance, and less familiar with the habits and wants and aspiratious of the black people.

The matter is certainly not one to be disposed of by a sweeping decree, fulminated from the Executive Chamber without any regard to the peculiar interests of the sections most concerned, and irrespective of the organization of individual State authority now in progress. What the President doubtless aims at, is to see the people of the South, as distinct from the disloyal political managers, set to work, under the stand to the negro population; and to do this as the first step toward reestablishing a proper relation between their separate State Governments and the supreme authority of the National Government. When that work is once set about—as it appears to be in Arkansas and North Carolina-in a loyal spirit, the question of negro suffrage will find a natural solution in course of time, without any arbitrary rule applied from without.

A far more pressing matter for the class concerned is that of well-directed and remuerative labor. This the negro is most likey to secure, not by creating antagonistic relations between him and the loyal citizens of another race, but by leaving to the natural agency of mutual self-interest to determine their relative status, politically, hereafter. This, we take it, is the theory which mend.-N. Y. Times.

The New York World makes the followng comments upon the refusal of President Johnson to accept the present of a coach, horses, &c., tendered him by prominent citi ens of New York:

This gives as favorable an impression of President Johnson's courtesy, as of his dignity and integrity. On the point of public morality he is clearly right, and the firmness of his refusal is sufficiently indicated by his grounding it on convictions which he has lalways held; but nothing could be further emoved from ungracious churlishness than this firm refusal of a costly gift.

A slight circumstance discloses much of a man's character; and the incident here re-corded is in accordance with two very marked traits which have always been observed in Mr. Johnson by those most in his intimacy. Among all the men who have been in public life for the last twenty years, none has shown more vigor of will in opposition to all the devices by which venality is made to appear venial; and no man has kept more steadily to the republican simplicity which in a public officer, is the best safeguard of probity. The splendid span of horses which he has refused are not better matched, than is the simplicity which covets no fine coach es with the integrity that would feel sullied by receiving volunteer perquisites. Considering the enormous patronage and disburse ment of the Federal Government, the country has reason to congratulate itself that this resolutely honest and high-minded statesman is at the head of affairs.

MARRIED. State.

How shall I thank you, gentlemen, for the great kindness you have so constantly and generously extended to me whilst presiding Boyn, of the Federal Army, to Miss Ivadera

pearly white, gives to the breath a fragrant odor, extinguishing the ill-humors which usually flow from a bad and neglected set of teeth. Sozodont is so convenient, and produces a sensation at once so delightful, that makes it a pleasure to use it. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers.

A LIST OF LETTERS

Beastey, Mrs. Harriet Miner, Mrs. Elizabeth Owens. W. Pullum, Warren W. Bekkers, J. T. Pond, Capt. John G. Shanks, Tilmon Chase, Mrs. Harret Sanders, L. L. Standeford, R. D. Stobes, Susana Talbott, J. P. Carter, Miss Cela Wash, Wm. Chamber, Mariah (col.) Werlin, James
Denny, Jacob Wade, Miss Susan
Gond, Miss Elen Woods, Mrs. Mary Jano

Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say "advertised" and give date of list.

Office open from 7½ o'clock, A. M., until 6¾, P. M.

W. A. GAINES, P. M. June 6, 1865-1t.

SPLENDID BARGAINS! All Sure of their Money's Worth.

W. Forsyth & Co.

39 & 41 Ann Street, N. Y. (late 42 & 44 Nassau st.

Watches, Chains, Jewelry, Etc., Etc. EACH ARTICLE ONE DOLLAR! And not to be paid for till you know what

you are to get.
250 Gold and Silver Watches, from ... \$15 00 to \$150 00 each. 200 Ladies' Gold Watches......\$35 00 each.

500 Ladies' and Gents' Silver Watches \$15 00 each.
5,000 Vest, Neck and Guard Chains \$5 00 to Bottle and Flask, before you buy.
HENRY R. \$15,00 each. 8,000 Gold Band Bracelets.\$3 00 to\$10 00 each.

6,000 Plain, Chased, and Wedding Rings.\$2 50 5,000 California Diamond Pins and Rings.\$3 00

10,000 Gold Pens, Silver Mounted Holder...\$4 00 to \$5 00 each.

10,000 Gold Pens, Silver Cases and Pencils.\$4 00 \$to 6 00 each.

Together with Ribbon Slides, Bosom Studs, Sleeve Buttons, Gold Pencils, Belt Buckles, Brooches, Gold Thimbles, Ear Drops, Children's Loops, Masonic Pins and Rings, Seal Rings, Scarf Pins, Watch Keys. Also a variety of Silver Ware, embracing Goblets, Cups, Castors, Tea and Table Spoons, from \$15 to \$50.

The articles in this stock are of the neatest and

most fashionable styles. Certificates of all the various articles are put in sealed envelops and mixed, thus giving all a fair chance, and sent by mail, as ordered; and on the receipt of the certificate it is at your option to send ONE DOLLAR and take the article named in it, or not; or any other article in our list of equal value.

Certificates and Premiums.

Single Certificate, 25 cents; five Certificates \$1; eleven, \$2; twenty-five with premium of Gold Pen, \$3,75; fifty with premium of Gold Pencil, \$10; one hundred with premium of Silver Watch, \$20; two hundred with premium of Gold Watch, \$50. Certificate money to be enclosed with order Every letter, from whatever source, promptly answer

Goods sent by mail, carefully packed. All articles not satisfactory can be returned and exchanged, or the money refunded if wished. Thousands of dollars' worth of Watches sold to our customers during the past year.

AGENTS wanted everywhere. Send 25 cents

for Certificate and Circular. Address, W. FORSYTH & CO., 39 and 41 Ann Street, New York. June 6-3m

Laws of Kentucky.

We are pleased to learn that there is in ourse of preparation and shortly to be published, by an eminent member of the Kentucky Bar, the General Laws of Kentucky enacted by the Legislature since the publication of Stanton's protection of the national authority, and Statutes, including those of the winter Session recognize the new relation in which they of 1864-5. The Acts to be arranged under appropriate titles, with notes of the Decisions ef the Court of Appeals construing the Revised and General Laws of the State. To be be complete in one volume with a thorough index.

This will be an invaluable work to the legal rofession, and to all officers in the civil departments of the State of Kentucky. Due notice of its publication will be given.

Codes of Practice of Kentucky In course of preparation and soon to be pubished, a new editien of the Civil and Criminal Codes of Practice of Kentucky, to embrace all the amendments to the codes enacted by the Legislature since their adoption, with notes of decisions of the Court of Appeals of Kentucky, and of the Courts of New York and Ohio construing the President's long and varied experience the Codes. H. MYERS, Esq., of the Covington | O. Ask or Kentucky are wanting in every sentiment of an additional cent for each additional one dren are born in January, February and as a Southern citizen enables him to recomb Bar, is preparing this work. Due notice will be given of its publication.

FLOWERS FOR SALE

HAVE A LARGE AND WELL SELECTed assortment, which I will sell cheap, as I wish to make room for a more varied stock.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS

HE Stockholders of THE WAYNE COUNTY BEATY OIL WELL COMPANY are hereby notified to meet at Frankfort, Ky., on the 22D DAY OF JUNE, 1865, for the permanent organization of the Company, according to the terms of their charter.

L. BARNEY, Secretary pro tem.



ply of the above well known Garden Seeds of the New Crop. It is only necessary to let the old customers know that they can get them now, while to those not already habitual purchasers of LANDRETH'S SEED, I say make a trial of them, and I guarantee them will give entire sate. them, and I guarantee they will give entire sat-isfaction. S. C. BULL. Feb. 24, 1865-4m.

1865



1865

'Eighteen years established in N. Y. City."
'Only infallible remedies known."

"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die." "Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c., Exter's,

Is a paste—used for Rute, Mice, Roaches, Black and Red Ants, &c., &c., &c. "Costar's" Bed-Bug Exterminator, Is a liquid or wash, used to destroy, and also as a preventive for Bed-Bugs, &c.

"Costar's" Electric Powder for Insects, Is for Moths, Mosquitoes, Fleas, Bed-Bugs, Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c.

Sold by all Druggists and Retailers every where.

!!! BEWARE!! of all worthless imitations.

See that "COSTAR'S" name is on each Box, HENRY R. COSTAR. Principal Depot. 482 Broadw

INCREASE OF RATS .- The Farmer's Gazette (English) asserts and proves by figures that one pair of rats will have a progeny and descendants no less than 651,050 in three years. Now, unless this immense family can be kept down, they would consume more food than would sus-

tain 65,000 human beings.

Mes See "COSTAR'S" advertisement in this 1865.

FARMERS AND HOUSEKEEPERS should collect that hundreds of dollars' worth of Grain, rovisions, &c., are annually destroyed by Rats, Mice. Ants. and other insects and vermin-all of which can be prevented by a few dollars' worth of "Costar's Rat, Roach, Ant, &c., Exterminator, bought and used freely.
See "COSTAR'S" advertisement in this

Old and young should use STERLING'S



It prevents or stops the Hair from falling; Cleanses, Beautifies, Preserves, and renders it Soft and Glossy, and the Head free from Dandruff.

It is the best Hair Dressing and Preservative in the world.

STERLING'S AMBROSIA MANUFACTURING COMP'Y, SOLE PROPRIETORS.

NEWAYORK. Sold in Frankfort, Ky., by Wm. H. Averill, and all Druggists and Dealers. May 12, 1865-5m.

PILES! ASURECURE E VERY BODY is being cured of this distressing disease by the use of

Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy Read what those say who have used it:

Mr. Charles W. Landram, of Louisville, and Mr. J. P. Hazarde, Cincinnati, O., both were cured after using one pot of Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy. They say they have tried everything, but could obtain no relief, but one Pot of Strickland's Pile Remedy effected a perfect cure after suffering for many years with the worst kind of Piles. They recommend every one who is suffering to the property of the propert

ing to try it.
Sold by all Druggists, 50 cents per pot. Manufactured at No. 6, East Fourth street, Cincinnati.

Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy May 25, 1864-w&tw1y-325.

of the Branch Bank of Kentucky.

Will practice law in all the Courts holden in the city of Frankfort, and in the Circuit Courts of the [April 7, 1862-tf.

V. T. CHAMBERS

FINNELL & CHAMBERS. ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

OFFICE- West Side Scott St. bet. Third & Fourth

COVINGTON, KENTUCKY. February 22, 1860-tf.

J. H. KINKEAD, ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW

GALLATIN, MO. RACTICES in the Circuit and other Courts of Daviess, and the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties. Office up stairs in the Gallatin Sun Office. May 6, 1857-tf.

> LYSANDER HORD, ATTORNEY AT LAW, FRANKFORT, KY.

RACTICES Law in the Court of Appeals Any business confided to him shall be faithfully and promptly attended to. His office is on St. Clair street, near the Branch Bank of Kentucky where he may generally be found. Frankfort, Jan. 12, 1859-tf.

JAMES HARLAN, JR. HARLAN & HARLAN

Attorneys at Law, FRANKFORT, KY.

ILL practice law in the Court of Appeals, in the Federal courts holden in Frankfort, Louisville, and Covington, and in the Circuit Courts of Franklin, Woodford, Shelby, Henry, Anderson, Owen, Mercer, and Scott. Special attention given to the collection of They will, in all cases where it is desired, attend to the unsettled law business of James Harlan, dec'd. Correspondence in reference to

THO. E. BRAMLETTE E. L. VANWINKLE. BRAMLETTE & VANWINKLE,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW Federal Courts held in Kentucky.

Office in MANSION HOUSE, nearly opdosite Commonwealth Printing Office.

E. L. & J. S. VANWINKLE Will practice in the Franklin, Anderson, Boyle and adjacent Circuit Courts. Offices-FRANKFORT and DANVILLE. Sept. 14, 1863-by.





ye have also concluded to manufacture an constantly on hand a full assortment of WOODEN COFFINS, of every size, price, and

We are also prepared to offer special induce ments to undertakers in or out of the city, either for Cases, Caskets, Wooden Coffins, and every description of Coffins trimmings, all of which we in-

tend to keep and offer on reasonable terms.

Individuals or families can feel assured that all orders entrusted to us, will be promptly and care fully attended to. Apply to

J. R. GRAHAM & CO.,

No. 6, St. Clair St., Frankfort, Ky., opp. P. O. August 26, 1863-w&twlv.

V. BERBERICH. WEITZEL & BERBERICH, MERCHANT TAILORS,

WERCHANT TAILORS,

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Frankfort and vicinity that they have opened a select stock of spring goods for Gentlemen's wear, which they will sell low for cash.

They will carry on the Tailoring business in all its branches, and will warrant their work to give life the production both as to its avoiding and the statisfication, both as to its avoiding and the statisfication. satisfaction, both as to its execution and the charges made for it. Terms cash.

Their business room is under Metropolitan Hall, and next door to the Postoffice. August 3, 1863-tf.

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$300 REWARD. COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT. HEREAS, it has been made known to me that JOHN TANNER was committed to July, 1864, and is now a fugitive and going at

Now, therefore, I THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Now, therefore, I THUS. E. BRAMER Covernor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of THREE HUNDRED Coloring. Sent by mail on receipt of price—10 DOLLARS (\$300) for the apprehension of the cents. Manufactured by HOWE & STEVENS, Garraed county, within one year from the date

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort this 22d day of July, A. D., 1864, and in the 73d year of the Commonwealth.
THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.

By the Governor: E. L. VAN WINKLE, Secretary of State. By Jas. R. Page, Assistant Secretary.

DESCRIPTION. He is about 35 or 40 years old, 5 feet 6 or inches high, dark hair, rather sallow complexion, weighs about 135 pounds, has a stoppage of stammering in his speech, articulates imperfectly and in the habit of repeating the last words of every sentence. At first the impression is of every sentence. At first the impressi made that he is simple minded or foolish. July 24, 1864-3m-348.

J. R. GRUNDY.

WHOLESALE GROCER AND

COMMISSION MERCHANT 205 MAIN STREET

Jan. 20.-6m.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Proclamation by the Governor. \$250 REWARD. COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT. WHEREAS, it has been made known to me that one GEORGE W. McKINNEY, on or John R. Critton, in the county of Mercer, and is now a fugitive from justice, and is going at large. Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereey offer a reward of Two Hundred and Fifty DOLLARS for the apprehension of the said GEO W. McKINNEY, and his delivery to the Jailer o dercer county, within one year from the date

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort this, the 24th day of February, A. D. 1864, and n the 72d year of the Commonwealth. THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.

By the Governor: E. L. VANWINKLE, Secretary of State. By Jas. R. Page, Assistant Secretary. Feb. 29, 1864-w&tw3m.

Kentucky Central Railroad SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

HE most direct route from the interior of Ken

1865.

tucky, to all Eastern, Northern, and North western Cities and Towns. But one change of TWO PASSENGER TRAINS

Leave Loxington, daily, (Sundays excepted) at 5:12 A. M. and 12:30 P. M.
Leave Covington, daily, (Sundays excepted) at 6 A. M. and 1:35 P. M.

TWO PASSENGER TRAINS Leave Lexington for Nicholasville, daily, Sundays excepted) at 8 a. m., and 12:25 p. m. Leave Nicholasville for Lexington, daily, Sundays excepted) at 11:40 A. M., and 3:45 P. M. Passengers can leave by the afternoon Train, and arrive at Pittsburg, Cleveland, Chicago, of St. Louis, early the next morning.

Nicholasville.11:40 a. m. Covington6:00 p. m. Lexington12:30 p. m. Chicago9:00 a. m. Cincinnati......7:00 p. m. St. Louis.....10:46 a. m. And at Cincinnati, make connection with the Eastern Express Train at 10 P. M., having time or Supper at Cincinnati. Morning Train arrives at Covington at

0:55, giving time for business in Cincinnati, and taking the 2:00 r. M. Train on the I. & C. R. R. for Indianapolis, Lafayette, Chicago, Springfield Bloomington, Quincy, Keokuk, St. Joseph, and Leavenworth. Baggage checked through! Sleep-

Leavenworth. Baggage checking Cars by Night Trains!

For through tickets, apply at the offices of the Company at Nicholasville, Lexington, and Paris.

H. P. RANSOM,

Gen'l Ticket Agent Gen'l Ticket Agent

March 10, 1865-tf

FLUX: STRICKLAND'S

curable by their physicians, some after taking Monday, April 18th, 1864. only one bottle of Strickland's Anti-Cholera TERM Mixture. If you suffer with Diarrhea and Dysentery try one bottle,

SOLDIERS!

You ought not to be without such a valuable year. medicine. The Cincinnati National Union, of April 24th, says: that thousands of our soldiers have been saved by the use of Strickland's Anti-Cholera Mixture. For sale by Druggists at 50 The Cincinnati National Union, of May 25, 1864-w&twly-325.

FAMILY DYE COLORS

Patented October 13, 1863. Black for Silk, Dark Blue, Light Blue, French Blue,

Orange, Pink, Purple, Royal Purple, Salmon, Scarlet, Slate, Solferino,

For Dyeing Silk, Woolen and Mixed Goods Shawls, Scarfs, Dresses, Ribbons, Gloves, Bonnets, Hats, Feathers, Kid Gloves, Childrens' Clothing, and all kinds of Wearing Apparel.

A SAVING OF 80 PER CENT. For 25 cents you can color as many goods as would otherwise cost five times that sum ous shades can be produced from the same dye. the Garrard county jail, for the alleged murder of his wife, two children and sister-in-law, and for arson; he made his escape from jail on the 15th French, and German, inside of each package. For further information in Dyeing, and giving perfect knowledge what colors are best adapted

260 Broadway, Boston.
For sale by druggists and dealers generally a Nov. 25, 1863 wly.

Kentucky River Coal. HAVE just received a fresh supply of the

BEST KENTUCKY RIVER COAL; also a within three months. large lot of CANNEL, Pittsburg, Youghiogheny, and Pomeroy, which I will sell at the lowest market price. All orders will be promptly filled for any point on the railroad or city, by applying to me by mail, or at my Coal Yard in Frankfort.

feb2 twtf.

S. BLACK.

H. SAMUEL,

CITY BARBER, FRANKFORT Rooms under Commonwealth Office.

F you want your Hair Trimmed, Face Shaved br your Head Shampooned, go to
H. SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP. Feb. 8, 1860.

NOTICE. To the Citizens of Frankfort.

AVING engaged the services of an excellent Baker, I propose to deliver, at your doors every morning, fresh light bread hot from the oven. I will also keep on hand a full supply, which will be furnished any hour at Pierson's cld stand, on St. Clair street, one door below Express Office.

A.J. GRAHAM.

March 24 1865-29 Express Office.
March 24, 1865—2w.

PROSPECTUS

NATIONAL UNIONIST. HE undersigned having purchased the mate-

rial, &c., of the office known as the Statesman office, propose to publish in the city of Lexington, Kentucky, A LOYAL NEWSPAPER,

Devoted to Maintaining the Government in Putting Down the Rebellion

It is unnecessary for us to issue a lengthy prospectus. Suffice it to say that our paper will be an uncompromising Union paper, and an ardem advocate of the best interests of the Government of the United States, and of Kentucky; and w will spare no pains to make it worthy of the con fidence and patronage of every truly loyal person.
The latest news pertaining to the War, Civil
Government, Agriculture, and a General Review
of the Markets of Agricultural Products, Groceries and Family Supplies, will be found in each

The publication will be commenced in as shor a time as the necessary preparation can be made.

Persons obtaining ten subscribers and sending us the money, will be entitled to one copy gratis. TERMS-Semi-weekly, per year, in advance, \$4 00

Weekly, per year, in advance...... Considering the high price of paper and other materials, the price of the paper is low, and we hope to receive a large subscription list. Will friends of the cause exert themselves to aid us? Address: GEO. W. & JOS. B. LEWIS, Lexington Kentucky. March 28, 1864.

LOUISVILLE NATIONAL

A DAILY NEWSPAPER To Represent and Advocate the views of Uncon ditional Union Men.

ROM the inception of the rebellion, the gen-uine Union sentiment of the State of Kentucky has found but little expression, either in the addresses of the prominent politicians or in the press. This state of things, at all times a source of murmuring, though somewhat alleviated by the partial supply of loyal journals from other States, has at last ripened into dissatisfaction and a positive demand for such a newspaper.

Demanding that the rebellion shall be suppressed, we would have all the means necessary to suppress it cheerfully supplied. Regarding unity as essential to speedy success, we would enforce it as the duty of every citizen to give to those who administer the Government—whilst the war.

P. Ft. W. & C. Railroad, (2d. Wort) Mortgage P. P. continues—sympathy and support. Believing the rebellion to be not only without palliation or excuse, but a crime we would have it taught that those who have inaugurated and prosecut-ed it should wholly bear the responsibility of its guilt. Recognizing the rebellion as gigantic in its proportions, we woul have the difficulty of

grappling with it fully realized.

In so wide a field where the instruments em ployed must be varied, errors of judgment are unavoidable. We would not therefore, judge harshly of the means employed, whilst we see they are suggested by a sincere desire to re-es-tablish the authority of the Government. In a word, we wish to teach that it is the paramount duty of the Government to preserve the Union by all the means recognized by civilized warfare. Rejoicing at every triumph of our arms, we desire to affiliate with those true Union men every where, who hope for, and look to the nation's success in the field—not to its defeat as the surest means of securing a lasting and honorable

FISK'S METALLIC BURIAL CASES.

WERE introduced into this community by myself about 1847, and a large number of calls attended with entire satisfaction, to all concerned, until 1857, when I discontinued the trade almost exclusively, and recently expressing a strong determination to retire from the business, and offering very reasonable inducements, J. Willie Graham and myself purchased his entire stock on hand, which, together with a fine assortment of CASES AND CASKETS, received since the purchase from him, makes our present supply very ample.

STRICKLAND'S

ANTI-CHOLERA MIXTURE!!

Sacomposition of astringents, absorbents, stim ulants and carminatives, which every physician acknowledges is the only preparation that will effect a permanent cure of Diarrhoea and Dysentery.

This Anti-Cholera Mixture is now in use in several of our army hospitals where it gives the greatest satisfaction. It has saved the lives of thousands of our soldiers and citizens, and we have long some important on hand, which, together with a fine assortment of CASES AND CASKETS, received since the purchase from him, makes our present supply very ample.

MYNOR COUNTY, Michigan, Bonds, 7 per cent. semi-annual interest.

Wayne County, Michigan, Bonds, 7 per cent. semi-annual interest assomeliaes, far a head of their politicians, far in advance of their politicans, far in advance of their press, are to us the surest guaranty—that a majority are with us. The object of the people of Kentucky, on every assemblies, far ahead of their politicians, far in advance of their politicans, far in advance of their political action in the convolutions which, in their political action that majority, and to

TERMS.

To City Subscribers, payable to the Carrier, United States Coupon Bonds twenty cents per week. https://documents.com/documents/linearyses/linea twenty cents per week.

To Mail Subscribers, payable in advancd, \$1 00 per month; \$5 00 for six months; \$9 00 for one

L. A. CIVILL, 431 Main St., Louisville, Ky.

Western Presbyterian, DANVILLE, KENTUCKY.

The WESTERN PRESBYTERIAN will be published in Danville, Kentucky, as a weekly religious pa-per, under the editorial control of the Rev. Ep-HUMPHREY and the Rev. STEPHEN It is proposed to produce an old-fashioned Presbyterian family newspaper, on the general plan of the former Presbyterian Herald. The Editors are pledged to maintain a strict allegiance to the Presbyterian Church in the Uni-ted States, and to the Nation in the perils through which both are now passing. The paper will be devoted, as its first and highest object, to the interests of the Presbyterian Church,—its doctrines, order and worship, and to the growth in saving knowledge of its members. Special efforts will be made to promote the unity of the whole church on the basis of unwavering adherance to its General Assembly and to its Institu-tions and Agencies for the spread of the Gospel. It is the conviction of the Editors that our form of Civil Government is the ordinance of God for the people of this country, and that the Union of these States is the condition without which the life of the nation cannot be saved. This sentiment will be freely uttered to the extent proper to the religious press, while political controver-sy and discussion will be left to the secular pa-

A digest of religious intelligence, a summary of general news for the benefit of those who may see no other paper, literary and scientific notices, a column for the children, the Bible Class and the Sunday School, and a corner for the Farm, the Garden and the Home, will find a place

the paper.
The Editors have undertaken this work at the urgent solicitation of their brethren-ministers and ruling elders, from uarious parts of the sade ruling elders, from uarious parts of the State, met in convention during the session of the Synod of Kentucky in October last. The Editors are to have the sole control of its columns. They now call upon all who approve the object to give a wide circulation to the paper.

Terms—Three dollars a year, if paid in advance; three dollars and fifty cents, if not paid within three months.

The first number will be issued as soon as the printing office can be fitted up—not later, it is hoped, than the 20th of January, 1865. Lists of subscribers should be returned by the 15th of Address, WESTERN PRESBYTERIAN,

Commissioner's Notice.

H. M. Bedford, assignee of Thos. L. Petty, Z. Petty, and John Petty, Plaintiff, Thos. L. Petty, and others, Defendants.

Petition in Equity. PY order of the Court at the February Term 1865, the cause has been referred to me to receive proof and audit the debts against Thos. L. Petty. Zach. Petty, and John Petty. Creditors

March 28-swJe1.

Statement of the Condition



ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY

On the 1st day of July, A. D. 1864, made to the Auditor of the State of Kentucky, in compliance with an act entitled, "an act to regulate Agen-cies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved 3d March, 1856.

THE name of the corporation is ÆTNA IN-SURANCE COMPANY, and is located at Hartford, Connecticut.

The capital is I'm o bill	TITOTA	4110 110	T4 -	
DRED AND FIFTY THO	USAND	DOLLAR	RS,	1
and is paid up.				1
ASSETS				١,
Par	Value.	Market V	al.	14
Real Estate unincumbered,.		\$87,963		14
Cash on hand and in Bank,		72,022		1 9
Cash in the hands of Ag'ts				١.
and in transit.		124,273	40	1
Hartford, P. & F. Railroad,				4
Mortgage Bonds, 7 per ct.,				4
semi-annual interest,	44,000	44,000	00	1
Michigan Central R. R. Co.,		3150	101	1
M'tgage Bonds, 8 per ct.				1
semi-annual interest,	10,000	13,000	00	1
Cleveland & P. A. Railroad,	La Control			13
Mortgage Bonds, 7 pr. ct.		.8 3	por la	1
semi-annual interest,	3,500	4,025	00	1
Cleveland & T. Railroad		in interest	Ų SI	1
(S. F.) Mortgage Bonds			134	7
7 per cent., semi-annual	order vo		- 17	-
interest,	25,000	29,000	00	I
Cleveland and Pittsburg,		and in the	1180	İ
R. R., [3d M't. Mortgage				Ī
Bonds, 7 per cent. semi-				-
annual interest,	25,000	26,500	00	1
Michigan, S. & N. I. R. R.,		PA LENGT	9.0	-
(G'l Mort.) M'tgage B'ds,			UTT.	2
7 per cent., semi-annual			2000	7
interest,	25,000	A29,250	00	-
Michigan, S. & N. I. R. R.,		TEST - T	Cal	-
(2d Mort.) M'tgage B'ds,				6
7 per cent., semi-annual			3.50	1
interest	25.000	26.000	00]

Mort.) Mortgage Bonds, Mortgage Bonds, 6 p'ret. semi-annual interest,..... . Y. Central Railroad Co., Mortgage Bonds, 6 p'r ct.,

18,000 18,360 0 semi-annual interest,..... onn. River Railroad Co., 30,000 M'tgage Bonds, 6 per ct., semi-annual interest, Little Miami Railroad Co., 10,000 10,600 00 M'tgage Bonds, 6 per ct., semi-annual interest,..... J. R. R., & Trans. Co., M'tgage Bonds, 6 per ct., semi-annual interest,..... Wayne County, Michigan,

33,900 00

3,240 0

25,000 25,000 00 25,000 27,500 00 1874, 5 per cent., semi-an

196,000 196,000 00 182,500 191,625 00 pon Bonds 1882, 6 per ct., semi-annual interest,..... 169,000 172,380 0 Connecticut State Script, 6 200,000 200,000 00 Ohio State Stock, 6 pr. cent. Kv. State Stock, 6 per ct. semi-anuual interest, Michigan State Stock, 6 pr. ct., semi-annual interest, N. J. State Stock, 6 per ct.,

11,000 00 25,000 26,250 00 semi-annual interest,..... N. Y. State Stock, 6 pr. ct., 15,000 00 31,000 34.720 0 76,000 ct., semi-annual interest, 50,920 00 Atlantic Dock Co., Mortg'e Bonds, 7 per cent., semi-annual interest,..... 20,000 21,200 00 Atlantic Mutual Insurance Co., Scrip, 1863, 1864,..... 500 Shares Hartford and N. 23,410 22,239 50 Haven R. R. Co. Stock. 50,000 110,000 00 33,600 00 cester R. R. Co. Stock, 10,700 16,050 00 50 Shares Conn. River Co. Stock,... 50 Shares Citizens' B'k S'k. 5,000 Stafford Springs, Conn.,.
3d Shares Eagle B'nk S'k,
Providence, R. I.,.......
200 Shares Revere B'nk S'k, 5,000 5,000 00 1,800 1,800 00 20.000 21.600 00 10 000 11,500 00 200 Shares B'k of the State Mo. S'k, St. Louis, Mo... 20,000 100 Shares Merchants Bank Stock, St. Louis, Mo...... 200 Shares Mechanics Bank Stock, St. Louis, Mo....... 400 Shares Farmers and Mechanics B'k S'k, Phil. Pa. 500 Shares Bank of Hartf'd Co. S'k, Hartford, Conn. 440 Shares Farmers & Me chanics Bank S'k, Hart.

15,000 00 8,500 00 14,000 Conn., 200 Shares City Bank Stock, 20,000 22,800 00

10,000 10,000 11,800 00

200 Shares Nat'l Ex. Bank Stock, Hartford, Conn.,... 100 Shares Charter Oak B'k Stock, Hartford, Conn.,. 400 Shares Am. Ex. B'k S'k,

S'k, N. Y. City,.....

10,000 10,000 15,000 00 22,000 00 20,000 10,500 00 10,000 30,000 33,000 00 10,000 13,500 00 200 Shares Market B'k S'k, N. Y. City, 1200 Shares Mechanics B'k Stock, N. Y. City, 20,000 21,000 00 30,000 34,200 00 10,200 00 40,000 48,000 00 41,000 44,690 00 B'k S'k, N. Y. City, 300 Shares Nassau B'k S'k, 20,000 27,000 00 New York City,..... 200 Shares North River, B'k 30.000 31,800 00 Stock, N. Y. City 10,000 30,000 20,000

800 Shares Butchers & Dro-

vers B'k S'k, N. Y. City, 100 Shares Hanover B'k S'k,

11.000 00 36,000 00 22,400 00 20,000 21,000 00 20,000 19,400 00 10,000 500 Shares Phenix B'k S'k, 11,200 00 20,000 Trust Co. S'k, N. Y. City, 100 Shares U. S. Trust Co. 30,000 00 10,000 19,000 00 PRINTED BILL READS. Stock, N. Y. City,... Total assets of Company,..

\$3,401,938 56 LIABILITIES. The amount of Liabilities due or not due to banks and other creditors,... None. Losses adjusted and due, ... osses adjusted and not due, 5.478 50 Losses unadjusted, in suspense, or waiting for further proofs,..... 122,625 02 All claims against the Company are small, for printing, &c. Total liabilities

STATE OF CONNECTICUT, } 88. Thomas A. Alexander, President, and Lucius
J. Hendee, Secretary of the ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY, being severally sworn, depose and say, each for himself says, that the foregoing is, a full, true and correct statement of the affairs of the said Company—that the said Insurance Company is the bona fide owner of at least ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS of actual Cash Capital invested in Stocks and Bonds; that the above described nvestments, nor any part thereof, are made for the benefit of any individual exercising authority in the management of said Company, nor for any other person or persons whatever; and that they are the above described officers of the said Ætna Insurance Company.
THOS. A. ALEXANDER, President.
LUCIUS J. HENDEE, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, L.S. Justice of the Peace in and for said County of Hartford, State of Connecticut, this 2d day of July, 1864.

HENRY FOWLER, Justice of the Peace.

50,000 52,500 00 No. 20, Renewal. AUDITOR'S OFFICE. FRANKFORT KY., July 2d, 1864. This is to certify, That DR. JOHN M. MILLS, as Agent of the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford Conn., at Frankfort, Franklin county, has filed in this office the statements and exhibits required by the provisions of an act, entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved March 3, 1856; and it having been shown to the satisfaction of the undersigned that said Companyis possessed of an actival control of the satisfaction signed that said Company? possessed of an activated and said capital of at least one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, as required by said act, the said DR. JOHN M. MILLS, as Agent as aforesaid, is hereby licensed and permitted to take risks and transact business of insurance at his Printed in the very best and neatest manner, and the said of the sai office in Frankfort, for the term of one year from the date hereof. But this license may be revoked if it shall be made to appear to the un-dersigned that since the filing of the statements above referred to, the available capital of said Company has been reduced below one hundred

and fifty thousand dollars. In Testimony whereof, I have set my hand the day and year above written.

W. T. SAMUELS, Auditor.

Proclamation by the Governor

August 8, 1864-354-tw&wtw.

NOTICE. THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL of Franklin county Kentucky, as a runaway slave, on the 27th day of July 1864, a negro girl, call-ing herself CALLEY. She is about 17 years old 5 feet high, weighs about 115 pounds, black color. Says she belongs to John Holloway, of Knoxville Tennessee.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or she will be dealt with as the

WM. CRAIK, J. F. C. July 28, 1864-1m-1648.

Louisville & Frankfort and Lexington & Frankfort Railroads.

On and after Monday, Oct 17, 1864 RAPRESS TRAIN LEAVES LOUISVILLE
DAILY (except Sunday) at 5:35, A. M.,
stopping at all stations except Fair Grounds,
Race Course, Brownsboro, and Belleview.
Leaves Lexington at 2:00, P. M., and arrives
at Louisville at 7:10, P. M.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN (stopping at all stations,) leaves Louisville at 3:20, P. M. Leaves Frankfort at 5:00, A. M., and arrives at Louisville at 8:50, A. M. RIEGHT TRAINS leave Louisville and Lexington Daily (Sundays excepted.)
SAM'L. GILL, Sup't.

Louisville and Frankfort, and Lexington and Frankfort Railroads.

Monday, March 28, 1864 .- tf

N and after Monday, Jan. 11, 1864, trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) as fol-

EXPRESS TRAIN will leave Louisville at 5:35 71,000 00 A. M., stopping at all stations when flagged, except Fair Grounds, Race Course, Brownsboro and Belleview, connecting at Eminence with stage for New Castle, at Frankfort for Lawrenceburg, Har-53,680 00 New Castle, at Frankfort for Lawrenceburg, Harrodsburg and Danville, at Midway for Versailles, at Payne's for Georgetown, and at Lexington, via rail and stage, for Nicholasville, Danville, Crab Orchard, Somerset, Richmond, Mt. Sterling, and

M., and will leave Louisville at 3:20 P. M. arriving at Frankfort at 7:15 P. M.

EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Lexington at 2 P.

M., and arrives at Louisville at 7:10 P. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS leave Louisville daily

(Sundays excepted) at 5:30 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS leave Lexington daily (Sundays excepted) at 6:00 A. M.

Freight is received and discharged from 7:30 A.

10,800 00

Through Tickets for Danville, Harrodsburg, Crab Orchard, Somerset, Richmond, Mt. Sterling, Winchester, Nicholasville, Georgetown, Shelbyville, and other towns in the interior for sale, and all further information can be had at the Depot in Louisville, corner of Jefferson and Brook streets. SAMUEL GILL, streets. 20,000 38,000 00 Jan. 9, 1864.

19,500 00 SETTLEMENTS!!

3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30

Everybody wants to make out their bills, and everybody can save a vast amount of labor by having nicely

THE COMMONWEALTH OFFICE

JOB ROOMS Turn out that class of Printing in the highest style of the art, and at the

VERY LOWEST PRICES.

August 8, 1860.

LAW BOOKS AND BLANKS FOR SALE

AT COMMONWEALTH OFFICE

BOOKS.

MONROE & HARLAN'S DIGEST OF THE DE-CISIONS OF THE COUR OF APPEALS, 2 vols. Price \$10 00 REVISED STA UTES OF KENTUCKY, 1 vol. Price
DEBATES OF THE CONVENTION,

THE GENERAL ACTS of Session 1855-6.

1 vol. Price

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING We are prepared to execute all kinds of

Book, Pamphlet, and Job Work, In the neatest and best style, on short notice, and as low as any office will do similar work.

BLANKS.

Clerks, Sheriffs, and all other kinds of Blanks,

Proclamation by the Governor. \$250 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, WHEREAS, it has been made known to me that RICHARD WILLIAMS did, on the 4th day of February, 1865, kill and murder John Neal, at Centre, Metcalfe county, and has fled from justice;

Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky do hereby effer a reward of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS for the apprehension of the said Richard Williams, and his delivery to the jailer of Metcalfe county within one year from the IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I

L. S. have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 28th day of February A. D. 1865, and in the commonwealth. THOS. E. BRAMLETTE. By the Governor:

E. L. VANWINELE, Secretary of State.

By Jas. R. Page, Assistant Secretary.

March 14, 1865-sw3m.

STATE OF KENTUCKY, FRANKLIN COUNTY, SCT. AKEN UP, as a STRAY, by Harris Harrod, living in said county, on the Harvie Mill coad, three miles east of Jacksonville, and the same distance from Pleasant Ridge meeting house, ONE DARK BROWN HORSE, sixteen hands high, four years old this spring, shoe on the right fore foct, small white spot on the right fore shoulder, with saddle, blanket and bridle on. when taken up. Appraised by me to One Hundred and Twenty-five Dollars, this 13th day of June, 1864.

LLOYD HACKETT, J. P. F. C.

WM. R. COX CINCINNATI, O.

DEALERS IN OILS VARNISHES BRUSHES WINDOW GLASS,

July 27, 1864 .-- 349-tw&w3t*

rail and stage, for Nicholasyille, Danville, Crab Orchard, Somerset, Richmond, Mt. Sterling, and all interior towns.

12,000 00

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Frankfort at 5:00 A. M., arrive at Louisville at 8:50, A. M., and will leave Louisville at 3:20 P. M. arrive at Louisville at 3:20 P. M. arrive at Louisville at 8:50, A. as to the mixing and applying of Paints and Varnishes, and upon what work to be apply-No. 173 Race Street, between Fourth

and Fifth Streets, Cincinnati, O. April 18-1m*. JOHN MASON BROWN,

LATE COLONEL 45TH KY. VOLUNTEERS.) ATTORNEY AT LAW, FRANKFORT, KY.

Special attention given to collections and to the prosecution of military claims.

April 18, 1865.